

HIS 629

Museum Education

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Course Description:

This course surveys the principles and practices of museum education. Emphasizing facilitated experiences, it explores the kinds of learning that occur in museums and how educational programming can engage diverse audiences.

Student Learning Outcomes

The course will also teach students skills and techniques utilized by museum educators. Students will be able to:

1. Define learning theories as they apply to museum learning environments
2. Design program activities to meet learning goals and objectives
3. Devise strategies for engaging museum visitors in inquiry-based discussion and activities
4. Create a personal museum education philosophy
5. Evaluate audience needs and potential responses to them
6. Evaluate museum education programs in terms of best practices
7. Explain ideas clearly and persuasively through written and verbal communication

Grading:

15% - Homework assignments: Students will be asked to observe and gather information about three education programs at area museums and applications of technology in museum programs over the course of the semester and turn in observations. Students will also be asked to compile a fact sheet about a professional organization or resource for museum educators for class discussion. (*Learning Outcomes 6, 7*)

30% - Class participation: Attendance, participation during in-class exercises, and leading class discussion of assigned readings (*Learning Outcomes 1, 3, 7*)

30% - Project: All students will complete an education program plan. Students will select a program type and develop a program plan they will present during a designated week of class. Each plan will include a description of the program, target audience and needs addressed, program goals and objectives, potential collaborators/partners, supplies, budget, evaluation plan, program outline, and publicity plan. (*Learning Outcomes 2, 3, 5*)

25% - 10 page essay describing your personal museum education philosophy; it should be thoughtful and reflective, drawing on readings, research, and class discussions from the entire semester. (*Learning Outcomes 4, 7*)

Grading scale

A=93-100; A-=90-92; B+=87-89; B=83-86; B-: 80-82; C+=77-79; C=73-76

Grading Rubric

15	Homework Assignments	
	Program Observations = 3 pts. each	9
	Technology Review = 3 pts.	3
	Professional Org. Fact Sheet = 3 pts.	3
30	Class Participation	
	Attendance = 1 pt./class	14
	Participation in discussion = 1 pt./class	14
	Leading class discussion = 2 pts.	2
30	Project	30
25	Personal Museum Education Philosophy	25
100	Total Possible Points	100

Required Reading:

Johnson, Anna, et. al. *The Museum Educator's Manual: Educators Share Successful Techniques*. Rowman & Littlefield, Second Edition, 2017.

Articles are available through electronic reserve

Academic Integrity Policy

All students have a responsibility to uphold the standards of “*Honesty, Trust, Fairness, Respect, and Responsibility*” detailed in the Academic Integrity Policy. Instances of cheating, plagiarism, misuse of academic resources, falsification of information, and facilitating of academic dishonesty are treated with utmost seriousness by the history department and dealt with severely by the University administration. The full policy appears in the *Student Calendar/Handbook* and at academicintegrity.uncg.edu.

Per university policy, you will be asked to sign a copy of the Academic Integrity Pledge for each major assignment in this class.

Attendance Policy:

Consistent attendance is a central and fundamental expectation for participation in the seminar. Unexcused absences will lose points toward final grade per grading rubric.

Special Needs

If you require accommodations for special learning needs, please do not hesitate to contact the Office of Accessibility Resources & Services, located within the Elliot University Center, Suite 215, 336-334-5770, <https://ods.uncg.edu/>—and please let me know!

Course Schedule & Assignment Due Dates

August 22: Introduction & Course Overview: *What is Museum Education?*

August 29: Learning Theories: *How do people learn? What kind of learning takes place in museums?*

Hein, George A. and Mary Alexander. *Museums: Places of Learning*. Education Committee, American Association of Museums, Washington D.C., 1998. pp. 29-46.

Shaffer, Sharon E. *Engaging Young children in Museums*. Left Coast Press, Walnut Creek, CA, 2015. pp. 46-68.

Falk, John H. and Lynn D. Dierking. *Lessons Without Limit: How Free Choice Learning is Transforming Education*. Altamira Press, 2002., pp. 9-18, 33-59.

<http://www.funderstanding.com/educators/theory-of-multiple-intelligences/>

<http://www.washingtonpost.com/blogs/answer-sheet/wp/2013/10/16/howard-gardner-multiple-intelligences-are-not-learning-styles/>

Optional:

www.funderstanding.com and www.instructionaldesign.org (good resources for brief overviews & explanations of various learning theories)

September 5: Object Based Learning: *How can museum educators facilitate meaning making through artifacts?*

Wood, Elizabeth and Kiersten F. Latham. *The Objects of Experience: Transforming Visitor-Object Encounters in Museums*. Left Coast Press, 2014, pp. 24-56.

Burritt, Amanda Maree. “Pedagogies of the Object: Artifact, Context and Purpose.” *Journal of Museum Education*, Volume 43, Number 3, September 2018, pp. 228-235.

Levy, Barbara Abramoff, et. al. *Great Tours!: Thematic Tours and Guide Training for Historic Sites*.

Altamira Press, 2001, pp. 71-76.

Williams, Ray. "Honoring the Personal Response: A Strategy for Serving the Public Hunger for Connection." *Journal of Museum Education*, Volume 35, Number 1, Spring 2010, pp. 93-101.

Wolberg, Rochelle Ibanez and Allison Goff. "Thinking Routines: Replicating Classroom Practices within Museum Settings." *Journal of Museum Education* Vol. 37, No. 2, Spring 2012, pp. 59-68.

Yenawine, Philip. *Visual Thinking Strategies: Using Art to Deepen Learning Across School Disciplines*. Harvard Education Press, 2013, pp. 15-38.

September 7: Saturday – Practice with Artifact Interpretation @ High Point Museum 10:00 – 12:00

September 12: Youth & Family Audiences: *What are the unique learning needs of young visitors and their families? How do museum educators tailor their programs to meet these needs?*

Johnson, Anna, et. al. *The Museum Educator's Manual: Educators Share Successful Techniques*. Rowman & Littlefield, Second Edition, 2017, pp. 139-152.

Pattinson, Scott A. and Lynn D. Dierking. "Exploring Staff Facilitation that Supports Family Learning." *Journal of Museum Education*. Volume 37, Number 3, Fall, 2012, pp. 69-80

Herman, Alicia. "Bringing New Families to the Museum One Baby at a Time." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 37, No. 2, Summer 2012, pp. 79-88.

Kusuma, Krista Dahl and Gabrielle Wyrick. "Real Teens, Real Tours: Teen Engagement Strategies for the One-Time Visit." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 39, No. 3, October 2014, pp. 276-283.

Leftwich, Mariruth and Clare Haywood. "The Littlest Historians: Early Programming in History Museums." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 41, No. 3, September 2016, pp.152-164.

Hindley, Anna Forgeron and Julie Olsen Edwards. "Early Childhood Racial Identity—The Potential Powerful Role for Museum Programming." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 42, No. 1, March 2017, pp. 13-21.

Collins, Mary Ellen. "Cultivating Lifelong Appreciation: A Look at Teen Programs that are Preparing the Next Generation of Museum Visitors, Staff, and Supporters." *Museum*, March/April 2018, pp. 32-37.

Additional Resource (not required reading): www.familylearningforum.org

***Program Observation One Due

September 19: Adult Audiences: *How do the learning needs of adults differ from children? How do museum educators tailor their programs to meet these needs?*

McCray, Kimberly H. "Gallery Educators as Adult Learners: The Active Application of Adult Learning Theory." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 41, No. 1, March, 2016, pp. 10-21.

Taylor, Edward W. and Amanda C. Neill. "Museum Education: A Nonformal Education Perspective." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 33, No. 1, Spring 2008, pp. 23-32.

Trainer, Laureen, Marley Steele-Inama, and Amber Christopher. "Uncovering Visitor Identity: A Citywide Utilization of the Falk Visitor-Identity Model." *Journal of Museum Education*, Volume 37, Number 1, Spring, 2012, pp. 101-113.

Koke, Judith. "Engaging the Millennial Museum-Goer." *Museum*, January/February 2018, pp. 15-17.

Robinson, Cynthia. "Into the Future: Adult Professional Groups and the 21st Century Museum." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 36, No. 1, Spring 2011, pp. 103-112.

Smith, Andrea Livi. "Neither a Toddler Nor a Stick-in-the-Mud." *Journal of Museum Education*. Vol. 36, No. 2, Summer 2011, pp. 165-170.

***Program Proposal Due

September 26: Crafting Interpretive Experiences: *What is the recipe for a good interpretive experience? How do museum educators select and combine ingredients of learning theories, teaching strategies, audience needs, content, and resources to develop tours and other educational programs?*

Brochu, Lisa and Tim Merriman. *Personal Interpretation: Connecting Your Audience to Heritage Resources*. InterpPress, 2008, pp. 23-53 (there are extra pages on the eReserve PDF you are not

required to read)

Oleniczak, Jen. "Improvising Your Teaching Skills." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 41, No.1, March 2016, pp. 38-45.

Kelleher, Tom. "Living Things Grow and Evolve: The Evolution and Expansion of Living History." *ALHFAM Bulletin*, Fall 2009, pp. 10-15.

Sims, Sarah. "Thinking about How We Think: Promoting Museum Literacy Skills with Metacognition." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 43, No. 4, December 2018, pp. 325-333.

Ritchart, Ron. "Cultivating a Culture of Thinking in Museums." *Journal of Museum Education*, Volume 32, Number 2, Summer 2007, pp. 137-154.

Nelson, Keri Ross. "Application of Merrill's First Principles of Instruction in a Museum Education Context." *Journal of Museum Education*, Volume 40, Number 3, October 2015, pp. 304-314.

<http://artmuseumteaching.com/2013/12/17/power-of-conversation/?blogsub=confirming>

Johnson, Anna, et. al. *The Museum Educator's Manual: Educators Share Successful Techniques*. Rowman & Littlefield, Second Edition, 2017, pp. 163-180.

Oct 3: Measuring Program Success: *How do museum educators know if their programs are successful? When and how is evaluation used in program development?*

Martinko, Megan and Jessica Luke. "'They Ate Your Laundry!' Historical Thinking in Young Museum Visitors." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 43, No. 3, September 2018, pp. 245-259.

Johnson, Anna, et. al. *The Museum Educator's Manual: Educators Share Successful Techniques*. Rowman & Littlefield, Second Edition, 2017, pp. 207-220.

Adams, Marianna. "Museum Evaluation: Where Have We Been? What Has Changed? And Where Do We Need to Go Next?" *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 37, No. 2, Summer 2012, pp. 25-36.

Wood, Elizabeth. "Defining the Scope of Your Evaluation." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 40, No. 1, March 2015, pp. 13-19.

Nelson, Amy Grack and Sarah Cohn. "Data Collection Methods for Evaluating Museum Programs and Exhibitions." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 40, No. 1, pp. 27-36.

<https://www.artscouncil.org.uk/measuring-outcomes/generic-learning-outcomes>

<http://www.shapingoutcomes.org/course/index.htm> Complete online course: Modules A-E *This will take several hours. It is recommended that you plan to do one to two modules a day.

October 10: Community Engagement & Collaborations: *How do museum educators engage and include diverse segments of their communities while addressing community issues? How can museum programs facilitate dialogue about community concerns? What makes a collaboration or partnership successful?*

Johnson, Anna, et. al. *The Museum Educator's Manual: Educators Share Successful Techniques*. Rowman & Littlefield, Second Edition, 2017, pp. 193-206.

Sheppard, Beverly. "Meaningful Collaboration." From *In Principle, In Practice: Museums as Learning Institutions*. Edited by John H. Falk, Lynn Dierking, Susan Foutz, Altamira Press, 2007, pp. 181-194.

Scott, Carol. "Museums, the Public and Public Value." *Journal of Museum Education*, Volume 35, Number 1, Spring 2010, pp. 33-42.

Long, Stephen. "Practicing Civic Engagement: Making your Museum into a Community Living Room." *Journal of Museum Education*, Volume 38, Number 2, July 2013, pp. 141-153.

Ng, Wendy, Syrus Marcus Ware, and Alyssa Greenberg. "Activating Diversity and Inclusion: A Blueprint for Museum Educators as Allies and Change Makers." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 42, No. 2, June 2017, pp. 142-154.

Hlebinksy, Ashley. "The Whole is Greater." *History News*, Vol. 74, No. 2, Spring 2019, pp. 6-7.

Munn, Kathleen and K. Allison Wickens. "Public History Institutions: Leaders in Civics Through the

Power of the Past." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 43, No. 2, June 2018, pp. 91-103.
<https://www.npr.org/programs/ted-radio-hour/558307433> Click on the "Listen" buttons for Celeste Headlee 9:03 & Rabbi Jonathan Sacks 7:34
https://www.ted.com/talks/celeste_headlee_10_ways_to_have_a_better_conversation?language=en 11:04

Optional reading:

O'Neill, Brian. "Twenty-One Partnership Success Factors." *History News*, Autumn 2014, pp. 17-21.

***Program Observation Two Due

October 17: Museum & School Partnerships: *What unique experiences can museum educators offer to schools? How do museums develop effective working relationships with schools?*

<http://labs.aam-us.org/blog/museum-fieldtrips-from-the-other-side/>

Fortney, Kim and Beverly Sheppard, eds. *An Alliance of Spirit: Museum & School Partnerships*.

American Association of Museums, 2010, pp. 1-14, 31-50.

Johnson, Anna, et. al. *The Museum Educator's Manual: Educators Share Successful Techniques*.

Rowman & Littlefield, Second Edition, 2017, pp. 101-137.

Sheppard, Beverly. "Insistent Questions in Our Learning Age." *Journal of Museum Education*, Volume 35, Number 3, Fall 2010, pp. 217-228.

Moisan, Heidi. "Finding Common Ground with the Common Core." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 40, No. 3, October 2015, pp. 238-249.

Ng-He, Carol. "Common Goals, Common Core: Museums and Schools Work Together." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vo. 40, No. 3, October 2015, pp. 220-226.

<http://edglossary.org/21st-century-skills/> (Just this page - 21st Century Learning Skills defined)

Optional:

<http://www.corestandards.org/> - history and details about the Common Core if you want to know more.

October 24: Strategic Program Planning & Funding: *How do museum educators make decisions about which programs to initiate, keep, or let go? How do they ensure that programs will have adequate funding?*

Johnson, Anna, et.al. *The Museum Educator's Manual: Educators Share Successful Techniques*. Rowman & Littlefield, Second Edition, 2017, pp. 181-192.

Fortney, Kim and Beverly Sheppard. *An Alliance of Spirit: Museum & School Partnerships*. American Association of Museums, 2010, pp. 81-87.

Durel, John W. "No Mission, No Money: No Money, No Mission." *Journal of Museum Education*, Volume 35, Number 2, Summer 2010, pp. 193-200.

Bowers, Betsy and Rebecca Fulcher. "Seeing Potential, Pushing Possibilities: Thinking Creatively About Revenue Opportunities." *Journal of Museum Education*, Volume 35, Number 2, Summer 2010, pp. 173-180.

Roberts, Laura B. "Assessment and Planning Using Portfolio Analysis." *Journal of Museum Education*, Volume 35, Number 2, Summer 2010, pp. 181-186.

Alleyne, Shirley Brown. "Making Programs Self-Sustaining at a Small Historic House Museum." *Journal of Museum Education*, Volume 35, Number 2, Summer 2010, pp. 201-205.

Korn, Randi. "When Less is More." *Museum*, Sept/Oct 2010, pp. 25-27.

Loshaw, Ann M. "Fond Farewells: Is it Time to End a Legacy Program?" *Museum*, May-June 2019, pp. 38-42.

October 31: No Class - *Program Plan Project Due**

November 7: Use of Technology in Museum Education: *How are museums using technology to*

enhance learning? What are the opportunities and challenges of using technology to engage museum audiences?

Visser, Jasper. "Perspectives on Digital Engagement with Culture and Heritage." *History News*, Summer 2013, pp. 7-13.

Spero, Susan. "It's How You Play the Game." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 36, No. 3, Fall 2011, pp. 297-304.

Din, Herminia. "Pedagogy and Practice in Museum Online Learning." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 40, No. 2, July 2015, pp. 102-109.

Moore, Claire. "Embracing Change: Museum Educators in the Digital Age." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 40, No. 2, July 2015, pp. 141-146.

Levine, Jeff. "Exploding the Four Walls: Museums Face the Prospects and Perils of Digital Learning." *Museum*, July/August 2015, pp. 30-39.

Chong, Cordelia and Diantha Smith. "Interactive Learning Units on Museum Websites.: *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 42, No. 2, June 2017, pp. 169-178.

Munns, David. "Discovering History in a Digital World: The Texas Story Project." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 41, No. 3, September 2016, pp. 192-201.

***Technology Review Due

November 14: No Class *** Program Observation Three Due

November 21: So You Want to Be a Museum Educator?: What does it take to be a successful museum educator? What roles do museum educators play within a museum? How is excellence in museum education defined?

Johnson, Anna, et. al. *The Museum Educator's Manual: Educators Share Successful Techniques*. Altamira Press, 2009, pp. 7-14.

Bailey, Elsa B. "Researching Museum Educators' Perceptions of their Roles, Identity, and Practice." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 31, No. 3, Fall 2006, pp. 175-198.

Simon, Nina. "Doing Time on the Front Line." *Museum*, July/August 2010, pp. 33, 67.

Franco, Barbara. "Advocacy for Education in Museums." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 35, No. 3, Fall 2010, pp. 229-236.

Garcia, Ben. "What We Do Best: Making the Case for Museum Learning in its Own Right." *Journal of Museum Education*, Volume 37, Number 2, Summer 2012, pp. 47-56.

Kai-Kee, Elliott. "Professional Organizations and the Professionalizing of Practice: The Role of MER, EdCom, and the NAEA Museum Education Division, 1969-2002." *Journal of Museum Education*, Vol. 37, No. 2, Summer 2012, pp. 13-23.

"Excellence and Equity: Education and the Public Dimension of Museums." A Report from the American Association of Museums, 1992.

<http://www.aam-us.org/docs/default-source/resource-library/excellence-and-equity.pdf?sfvrsn=0>

"Excellence in Practice: Museum Education Standards and Principles." Education Committee of the American Association of Museums, 2002.

https://drive.google.com/file/d/0Bz_5mDyp81VsT1l4c1BtWFFLT1k/edit?pref=2&pli=1

"Code of Ethics for Museums," Committee on Ethics, American Association of Museums, 2000. <http://www.aam-us.org/resources/ethics-standards-and-best-practices/code-of-ethics>

"AASLH Statement of Professional Standards and Ethics" download PDF here: <http://resource.aaslh.org/view/aaslh-statement-of-professional-standards-and-ethics/>

***Professional Organization Fact Sheet Due – Remember to bring a copy for each of your classmates

December 4: ***10 page personal museum education philosophy due

Class Discussions

Class discussions are an opportunity to share your reactions and thoughts on assigned readings and consider the insights of your classmates to develop a deeper understanding of the material. Discussions should thoroughly explore, examine and debate the ideas found in the passages. For this reason discussion leaders *are not permitted to use class activities*, as they tend to distract from the actual readings and lead to uneven or superficial review of the assigned content. However, leaders may choose to present a hypothetical scenario for classmates to discuss in order to consider practical implications of ideas presented in the reading material. Additionally, leading class discussions is an opportunity to practice open-ended questioning techniques you will use in your work as a museum educator. *You should be facilitating a conversation with your classmates rather than reporting what you have read or learned to them.* Class discussions should generally, at a minimum:

- Define key terms or concepts
- Identify main arguments in assigned passages
- Compare and contrast key points from different readings
- Examine how assigned readings relate to each other
- Consider how material relates to readings & discussions from previous weeks
- Consider benefits, challenges, and potential results of implementing key ideas

Discussion Participation				
Criteria	Ratings			Pts
Participation in class discussion & activities	actively participates 1 pts	participates somewhat 0.5 pts	no participation 0 pts	1 pt
Total Points: 1				

Discussion Leader				
Criteria	Ratings			Pts
Discussion Leader	fully prepared and effectively engages most or all classmates in thoughtful discussion 2 pts	somewhat prepared and effective in engaging at least some classmates in discussion 1 pt	unprepared and/or does not engage classmates in discussion 0 pts	2 pts
Total Points: 2				

Program Observations:

Students will observe three **different** kinds of museum education programs (guided tour, family program, lecture, gallery talk, living history demonstration or reenactment, etc.) These should be educational programs rather than strictly fundraisers or entertainment events at museums. *You will receive **no points** if you have observed the same kind of program before.* If you are unsure if the program you would like to observe would be considered the same kind of program, please check with the instructor.

These programs will be facilitated by volunteers, staff, or guest performers/lecturers rather than self-guided experiences. Please thoroughly address the following seven points in your assignment. You may format your assignment as an outline with paragraph responses below each of the seven headings. It is not necessary to prepare the assignment in an essay format. Please remember to include your name on your paper. The completed assignment should be about 2-3 pages in length. Please be prepared to share your observations with your fellow students during the first part of class.

Outline for Education Program Observations

I. Program Summary (brief description, title, time, date, location, facilitators)

II. Target Audience (Who is this program intended for? What steps were taken to accommodate needs specific to this audience?)

III. Program Goals or Intended Outcomes (What do you think the program was designed to accomplish? What was the theme or big idea? How did you come to this conclusion?--printed program description, objectives stated by facilitator, focus of time or activities, interview with facilitator, etc. How did the facilitator use objects, activities or other techniques to explore key ideas or themes? Do you feel the objective(s) were clear to participants? Why or why not?)

IV. Facilitators (Paid staff? Volunteers? Guest speaker/presenter?)

V. Facilitator Technique (Describe the approach or technique the facilitator(s) used to engage the audience. Note specific behaviors, tone, or attitude employed by the facilitator that may have influenced audience interaction and/or participation levels.)

VI. Audience Reaction (What specific visitor behaviors did you observe? What do you think these behaviors tell you about the quality or outcomes of their experience? What do they tell you about the effectiveness of the facilitator(s) in engaging the audience?)

VII. Evaluation (Do you think the program was successful in meeting its objectives? Why or why not? Were there any challenges they had to overcome? What worked well? What do you think could have been done differently to change the outcome or make the program more effective? How does what you observed relate to what we have been studying about learning theories and audience needs and characteristics? What can you take away from this observation to help you plan effective programs in your museum education career?)

Criteria	Ratings			Pts
Content	All seven points of the outline are thoroughly addressed 2 pts	Most or all seven points of the outline are partially addressed 1 pts	Assignment is incomplete or program is the same type as previously observed 0 pts	2 pts
Timeliness	Assignment is turned in on time 1 pts	Assignment is late or is the same as previously observed 0 pts		1 pts
Total Points: 3				

Technology Review:

Students will review an example of technology used by a museum to deliver educational content. (e.g. podcasts, YouTube videos, website activities/lessons, cell phone tours, smart phone apps, etc.)

You may format your assignment as an outline with paragraph responses below each of the seven headings. It is not necessary to complete the assignment in an essay format. Please remember to include your name on your paper. The completed assignment should be about 2-3 pages in length. Please be prepared to share your review with your fellow students during the first part of class.

Outline for Technology Review

I. Program Summary (name of museum, type of technology used, brief description of content, cost to user, etc.)

II. Target Audience (Who is this program intended for? What steps were taken to accommodate needs specific to this audience?)

III. Program Goals or Intended Outcomes (What do you think the program was designed to accomplish? What was the theme or big idea? How was technology used to explore key ideas and themes or otherwise achieve goals and objectives? Were the objective(s) clear to you as the user?)

IV. Ease of Use (Are the instructions clear? Intuitive? Is prior technology experience or knowledge necessary? Does the user or the museum provide the hardware? Is it easy to find/get help if necessary?, etc.)

V. Interactions (Are there opportunities for museum staff/volunteers to interact with users? Are there opportunities for users to interact with each other? Describe these interactions - content, frequency, etc. Does the museum control or manage the dialogue in anyway?)

VI. Audience Reaction (Are there opportunities for users to provide feedback? If so, what does the feedback tell you about the quality or outcomes of their experience(s)? Do you think the program was successful? Why or why not? How does or how might the museum assess how well the technology program met its objectives?)

VII. Evaluation (Do you think this application of technology was successful? Why or why not? What were the advantages to using this technology over a more traditional approach? Do you think the program was successful in meeting its objectives? Why or why not? Were there any challenges they had to overcome? What worked well? How could technology be used differently to change the outcome or make the program more effective? How does this use of technology apply or relate to ideas we have been studying and discussing in class? What can you take away from this review to help you plan effective use of technology in your museum education career?)

Criteria	Ratings			Pts
Content	All seven points of the outline are thoroughly addressed 2 pts	Most or all seven points of the outline are partially addressed 1 pts	Assignment is incomplete 0 pts	2 pts
Timeliness	Assignment is turned in on time 1 pts		Assignment is late 0 pts	1 pts
Total Points: 3				

Professional Organization Fact Sheet:

Professional organizations are important resources for museum professionals. Students will research one professional organization from the list below and complete a fact sheet. Please remember to include your name on your paper. The completed assignment should be about one page in length. Please be prepared to share your research with your fellow students during the first part of class. ***Students will bring a copy of their fact sheet for each of their classmates on the day the assignment is due.***

Please thoroughly answer these four questions:

1. Organization Name & Contact information (address, phone, email, website, etc.)
2. Organization purpose and/or mission statement
3. Cost of membership (include different levels and individual and institutional rates, if applicable)
4. Benefits and services offered to members (conferences, workshops, publications, listservs, technical assistance, discounts, etc.)

Professional Organizations

American Alliance of Museums (AAM)
 EDCOM (Education Committee of AAM)
 Museum Education Roundtable (MER)
 Museum-Ed (listserv & website)
 Association for Living History, Farm and Agricultural Museums (ALHFAM)
 American Association of State and Local History (AASLH)
 Southeastern Museums Conference (SEMC)
 North Carolina Museums Council (NCMC)
 National Association for Interpretation (NAI)
 American Association for Museum Volunteers (AAMV)
 National Docent Symposium Council
 Visitor Studies Association (VSA)
 Emerging Museum Professionals (through AAM)
 Committee on Audience Research and Evaluation (CARE)
 Small Museums Association
 Oral History Association
 National Council on Public History
 Smithsonian Early Enrichment Center

Criteria	Ratings			Pts
Content	All four questions are answered completely & accurately; copies are made for classmates 2 pts	All four questions are answered completely & accurately; no copies made for classmates 1 pts	Assignment is incomplete or inaccurate 0 pts	2 pts
Timeliness	Assignment is turned in on time 1 pts		Assignment is late 0 pts	1 pts
Total Points: 3				

Project: Education Program Plan

Students will undertake and document the process of developing a facilitated educational program to support an exhibit or historic structure at an existing museum or historic site. The final draft should follow the format below.

Program Type

- Brief Description - approximately one to two paragraphs
- What kind of program is it?
- What is the topic and/or theme?
- By the final draft you will need a title.

Application to Mission & Goals

- How does this program support the museum's mission, strategic initiatives, or specific education goals?
- Discuss any larger community need addressed by this program.
- Describe any lasting impact on the museum's ability to achieve its goals.

Front End Evaluation/Needs Assessment

For the purposes of this assignment, you will not have time to do your own formal needs assessment. However, you can share any methods that were used by the museum to identify the need you are addressing. Or you may focus on the needs of your intended audience as described in current literature (e.g. class readings or research done by other scholars, practitioners, or organizations)

- What do you know about your intended audience?
- What community or audience need/issue/desire is your program addressing?
- How was that need/issue/desire identified?
- How has input from the intended audience been acquired?

Intended Audience

- Who is the program designed to serve? Be as descriptive as possible (age, background, motivation, interests/needs, etc.)
- How many people will be served?

Audience Needs Addressed

- Identify specific needs or considerations for your intended audience that you will address in your program design. (age appropriateness, safety/security issues, liability concerns, comprehension levels, special considerations for disabled visitors, special interests, etc.)
- What learning theories or techniques will be used to address these needs?
- How will the program format, scheduling/timing, or selection of activities relate to the needs of the intended audience?

Program Goals & Objectives

- What will the program accomplish? How will the participant be impacted?
- Goals and objectives may include "non-learning" goals.
- Objectives/Outcomes must be measurable.

Evaluation Techniques to be Used

- Describe formative (process) evaluation techniques to be used.
- Describe (summative) evaluation techniques to be used.

- How will you get the information you need to design your program for success? Describe quantitative and/or qualitative data to be gathered. For the final draft you will need to include surveys, interview questions, etc. used to gather data.
- How will you analyze and interpret this data to determine whether or not your program achieved its intended goals & objectives?

Community Collaborators, Partners & Sponsors, if applicable

- What other community members or organizations will be involved with your project?
- What will be their role(s)?
- Why did you select them?
- List name, contact information, services to be performed, and compensation or sponsorship agreement (if applicable)
- Attach any partnership agreement, memorandum of understanding, etc. outlining responsibilities of respective partners or collaborators.
- Speaker/Presenter
- List name & profession or special training/qualifications
- Contact information
- Services to be performed
- Amount of fee or honorarium (for a real program you also record date of confirmation & contracts or correspondence)

Hospitality Arrangements

- List details of any hotel, food or travel arrangements needed for speakers/presenters

Contractual Services

- List name & contact information
- Description of services to be performed
- Fees (for a real program you would also record date of confirmation and file contracts, payment verification, and other correspondence)

Supplies Needed

- List supplies & quantity needed
- Where will you obtain them? (on hand, purchase, in-kind donation)
- For purchases, list source & price

Volunteers

- How many are needed?
- List assigned tasks or duties
- List shift times, if applicable
- How will you recruit and schedule them?
- What kind of training will you provide? When?

Program Details

- Date
- Time
- Location, when/who is responsible for confirming space?
- Fee charged, if any
- Registration deadline, if any
- Process for registration, if applicable

Publicity Plan

- How will you promote the program? (press releases, flyers, invitations, social media, eblasts, newsletters, etc.)
- Where will you send information?
- When will you distribute publicity?
- Include copy of one publicity piece, your choice (press release, invitation, flyer, etc.)

Equipment Checklist

- List all equipment needs. For example:
 - Audio-visual equipment?
 - How many chairs, tables do you need?
 - Tents?
 - Trash cans?
 - Stage/risers?
 - Podium?
 - Microphone?
 - Signage?
- Does any of the equipment require special arrangements for moving or set up?
- Include any equipment rental arrangements needed under Contractual Services section
- Describe layout/set up of the program space (may include a sketch if that is easier)

Program Outline

- Include timeline of events
- Include copies of materials, hand-outs, lesson plans, etc.

Program Budget

- Projected Sources of Income
- Projected Expenses
- Net Balance - if profit is projected, how will the funds be used?

Criteria	Ratings					Pts	
Required Elements	Project contains all the necessary required elements 4 pts	Project contains most of the required elements 3 pts	Project contains only a few of the required elements 2 pts	Project does not contain any of the required elements 1 pts	No Marks 0 pts	4 pts	
Program Relevance to Museum	Program is closely tied to the museum's mission and strategic, interpretive, or operational plans; offers lasting impact on museum's ability to achieve its goals (residual benefits) and/or addresses a larger community need 4 pts		Program is closely tied to the museum's mission and strategic, interpretive, or operational plans 3 pts	Program is somewhat related to the museum's mission and strategic or operational plan 2 pts	Program is somewhat related to the museum's mission 1 pts	No Marks 0 pts	4 pts
Audience	Program has identified an intended audience, seeks input from that audience and thoroughly responds to audience needs and wants in its design 4 pts	Program has identified an intended audience and gives some consideration to audience needs and wants in its design 3 pts	Program has identified an intended audience and may have identified its needs but they are not clearly addressed in program design 2 pts	Program has defined an audience but has not identified its needs or characteristics 1 pts	No Marks 0 pts	4 pts	
Design	Program activities are designed to accomplish clear goals and objectives; Program outline and activities are fully developed; roles of staff, volunteers and partners are clearly defined; 4 pts	Program activities align with clear goals and objectives; program outline and activities could be more fully developed; roles of staff, volunteers and partners are clearly defined 3 pts	Program has clear goals or objectives, but activities do not clearly support them 2 pts	Program does not have clear or reasonable goals and objectives 1 pts	No Marks 0 pts	4 pts	
Supplies/ Budget	Supplies and budget for program are adequate and justified by appropriate documentation; all budget elements (revenue, expense, net) are present 4 pts		Supplies and budget for program are adequate 3 pts	Supply list and budget are inadequate or unreasonable for this program 2 pts	Supply list and budget are incomplete 1 pts	No Marks 0 pts	4 pts
Evaluation	Evaluation plan includes front end, formative and summative evaluation; assessment tools are designed to measure program's effectiveness at meeting its stated goals 4 pts	Evaluation plan includes one or two types of evaluation. Assessment tools partially align with the program's stated goals. 3 pts	Evaluation plan includes only one type of evaluation, and/or assessment tools do not align with the program's stated goals 2 pts	Program has no plan for evaluation or has not defined assessment tools 1 pts	No Marks 0 pts	4 pts	
Originality/ Creativity	Program shows a large amount of original thought. Ideas are creative and inventive. 4 pts	Program shows some original thought. Work shows new ideas and insights. 3 pts	Program uses standard ideas, but there is little evidence of original thinking. 2 pts	Program is very generic with no evidence of original thinking or tailoring to specific museum 1 pts	No Marks 0 pts	4 pts	
Timeliness	Assignment is turned in on or before the due date 2 pts			Assignment is late 1 pts	No Marks 0 pts	2 pts	
Total Points: 30							

Personal Museum Education Philosophy:

Your personal museum education philosophy should define what quality museum education means to you. It should identify three to five guiding principles you feel are essential to creating effective museum education experiences. It should address your understanding of the role of museum education within the larger context of the museum and its value to the public. Your essay should be thoughtful and reflective, drawing on readings, research, and class discussions from the entire semester, which are cited in your paper. Your philosophy should assimilate personal experiences and ideas with your coursework.

This assignment should be submitted in an an essay format. You should have a clear thesis with supporting evidence and examples from readings and class discussions. You may also reference museum programs, which you observed during the semester support your arguments. The assignment should be about 10 pages in length. Please refer to the grading rubric for more detail on writing expectations.

Criteria	Ratings					Pts
Thesis & Clarity of Position	The thesis statement names the topic of the essay, and the opening paragraph clearly outlines the 3-5 main points to be discussed 4 pts	The thesis statement names the topic of the essay; less than 3 main points and/or points are not clearly outlined 3 pts	The thesis statement outlines some or all of the main points to be discussed but does not name the topic 2 pts	The thesis statement does not name the topic AND does not preview what will be discussed 1 pts	No Marks 0 pts	4 pts
Evidence and Examples	All of the evidence and examples are specific, relevant and explanations are given that clearly show how each piece of evidence supports the author's position; position is well supported 4 pts	Most or all of the evidence and examples are relevant and explanations are given that show how each piece of evidence supports the author's position; position is supported 3 pts	At least one of the pieces of evidence and examples is relevant and has an explanation that shows how that piece of evidence supports the author's position; position is somewhat supported 2 pts	Evidence and examples are NOT relevant AND/OR are not explained 1 pts	No Marks 0 pts	4 pts

Reflection and Assimilation of Ideas	Essay is thoughtful and reflective and assimilates readings, research, program observations, and/or class discussions with the author's personal thoughts and opinions; while clearly attributing the origin of the ideas presented 4 pts	Essay is reflective and references readings, research, program observations, and/or class discussions but does not clearly assimilate them with the author's personal thoughts and opinions or explain why they are important to the author 3 pts	Essay is thoughtful but makes few, if any, references to readings, research, program observations, and/or class discussions 2 pts	Essay does not relate to readings, research, program observations, and/or class discussions 1 pts	No Marks 0 pts	4 pts
Sources	All sources are accurately documented in a standard format 3 pts	All sources are documented but formatting is not standard or consistent 2 pts	Most sources are documented, but may not be in a standard or consistent format 2 pts	Some sources are not accurately documented 1 pts	No Marks 0 pts	3 pts
Sequencing	Arguments and support are provided in a logical order that makes it easy and interesting to follow the author's train of thought 4 pts	Arguments and support are provided in a fairly logical order that makes it reasonably easy to follow the author's train of thought 3 pts	A few of the support details or arguments are not in an expected or logical order, distracting the reader and making the essay seem a little confusing 2 pts	Many of the support details or arguments are not in an expected or logical order, distracting the reader and making the essay seem very confusing 1 pts	No Marks 0 pts	4 pts
Closing	The conclusion is strong and leaves the reader solidly understanding the writer's position. Effective restatement of the position statement begins the closing paragraph 4 pts	The conclusion is recognizable. The author's position is restated within the first two sentences of the closing paragraph 3 pts	The author's position is restated within the closing paragraph, but not near the beginning 2 pts	There is no conclusion. The paper just ends 1 pts	No Marks 0 pts	4 pts
Timeliness	Assignment is turned in on time 1 pts			Assignment is late 0 pts		1 pts
Total Points: 25						

Museum Education Program Plan Proposal

[Student Name]

Name of Museum/Historic Site:

Mission Statement of Museum/Historic Site:

Current Strategic Goals or Initiatives of Museum/Historic Site:

Name and Description of Exhibit/Historic structure your program will support:

What is the exhibit about? What are the key messages or interpretive themes? Attach photos, if possible.

What are the interpretive or learning goals, objectives, and/or intended outcomes of the exhibit?

Who did you contact at the Museum/Historic Site to get this information?

Description of proposed program:

What is the Proposed program type?-guided tour, docent training, workshop, seminar, family day, traveling trunk, living history demonstration, scout badge program, etc.

What is the program about?

Who is the intended audience?

What do you want the participants to learn or come away with?

How will the program support the goals of the exhibit and/or museum/historic site?