I. General Information

A. General Disclaimer

The material presented in this Handbook is purely informational. That is, it is not meant to contradict or overturn policies presented in the official Graduate Bulletin. Students are bound by the regulations presented in the Bulletin published in the year they enter a graduate program in UNCG. Material found in this Handbook may clarify, supplement, and sometimes expand information found in the Bulletin, but it can in no way alter official UNCG Graduate School policy (as expressed in the Bulletin). All students are strongly recommended to carefully read the Bulletin, particularly the “Academic Regulations” chapter and the Departmental listing for History. If something written in this Handbook is found to conflict with the Bulletin, the discrepancy should be brought to the attention of the DGS, for the Bulletin’s policies will always serve as the final recourse.

B. Degree Programs

The Department of History at UNC Greensboro (UNCG) offers two degrees at the graduate level: a Master of Arts (M.A.) and a Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) degree with concentration in U.S. History.

1. M.A. Degree: UNCG offers two tracks at the Master’s level: a Master’s in History and a Master’s in History with concentration in Museum Studies. Depending on the concentration, the degree requires 30-36 hours of coursework. The Graduate School requires that all requirements for the M.A. be completed within five years. Full details on these concentrations may be found below.

2. Ph.D. Degree: UNCG will only consider applicants in U.S. history who already hold an M.A. in History. Applicants should take care to ensure that their academic and intellectual interests are well suited to the interests of the UNCG faculty in U.S. history. Doctoral students complete 33-39 hours of coursework (not including dissertation hours) and produce a major piece of scholarship (the dissertation). The Graduate School requires that all requirements for the Ph.D. be completed within seven years. Full details may be found below.

C. Director of Graduate Studies, Director of Public History and the Graduate Committee

1. Director of Graduate Studies (DGS): The DGS is appointed by the Head of the Department of History. He/she leads the departmental Graduate Committee (see below) and is the point person for all program, policy, and personnel issues concerning graduate students. The DGS also fields inquiries from prospective applicants and engages in recruiting endeavors. All non-Public History graduate students are required to see the DGS once a semester for academic advising.
2. **Director of Public History (DPH):** The DPH is appointed by the Head of the Department of History to administer the MA concentration in Museum Studies. He/she maintains a permanent seat on the departmental Graduate Committee, and is the point person for all inquiries concerning the Museum Studies concentration. All Museum Studies students are required to meet with the DPH at least once a semester for academic advising. The DPH is also instrumental in helping to locate and arrange internships for Museum Studies students.

3. **The Graduate Committee:** The Graduate Committee is a standing departmental committee of the tenured and tenure-track faculty in the History Department. Permanent members of the Graduate Committee include the DGS, who chairs it, the Director of Public History, and the Department Head. Other members of the faculty are appointed by the Department Head. The committee’s responsibilities include the following: supervision and review of all matters pertaining to all graduate degree programs (including admission requirements, program structure, requirements, and so forth); annual admission decisions for all graduate programs; nominations for graduate student awards, scholarships, and assistantships; and consideration of all extraordinary graduate student requests.

**D. The Graduate Secretary**

Laurie O’Neill is the current graduate secretary. In addition to the DGS, she is a resource of first recourse for practical questions about the program. She also handles all paperwork concerning assistantships. Her office is MHRA 2131 in the history office suite, and her extension is 256-1385. Her email is lponeill@uncg.edu.

**E. Important Web Sites**

1. The Graduate School: [http://grs.uncg.edu](http://grs.uncg.edu)
   - important for application information, general policies, and so forth
   - take special note of the ‘Forms’ sub-link: [https://grs.uncg.edu/forms/](https://grs.uncg.edu/forms/)

2. UNCG’s History Department: [http://his.uncg.edu](http://his.uncg.edu)
   - important for graduate information, forms, course information, faculty profiles

**II. Admission Procedures and Requirements**

**A. Application Deadlines**

The Department only admits students for matriculation in Fall semesters (that is, it does not admit students starting in Spring or Summer). The deadlines for such applications are as follows:
M.A. program: February 1 (for Fall admission)
Ph.D. program: January 15 (for Fall admission)

B. Admissions Requirements
Applicants should consult both the Graduate School website and the History Department website for information about applications (for URLs, see section I above).
All admissions materials should be submitted online through the Graduate School, not directly to the History Department.

1. M.A. Admissions:
   - Application and fee (information and forms available at the Graduate School site)
   - Transcripts from all institutions of higher learning
   - GRE scores (must be current, that is, taken within the past five years)
   - Three letters of recommendation (letters from professors are strongly preferred)
   - Personal statement (length should be approximately two pages)
   - Résumé

2. Ph.D. Admissions:
   - Application and fee (information and forms available at the Graduate School site)
   - Transcripts from all institutions of higher learning
   - GRE scores (must be current, that is, taken within the past five years)
   - Three letters of recommendation (letters from professors are strongly preferred)
   - Personal statement (length should be approximately two pages)
   - Writing sample (length should be approximately twenty-five pages)
   - n.b.: applicants must already possess an M.A. in History by the time of enrollment, and should preferably have gained that M.A. in U.S. history

C. Schedule of Admissions Decisions
All applications are read by the Graduate Committee during the weeks following the application deadlines (January 15 or February 1). Initial recommendations for the Ph.D. program are made in mid-February, while initial recommendations for the M.A. program come in mid-March. Students may be accepted with funding, accepted without funding, placed on a waiting list, or rejected. Applicants who are not immediately accepted (or who do not receive funding offers immediately) should not lose all hope; it is very common for wait-listed students to be offered spots in either program (or an assistantship) later in the admissions season.

D. Advice to Applicants
Graduate work in history, whether at the M.A. or Ph.D. level, requires relatively narrow concentration on at least one specific area of history. Personal statements should thus seek to link the applicant’s specific intellectual/research interests to those of the current faculty in the UNCG Department of History. This may be accomplished through consultation of the faculty profiles
available online on the History Department website, or through direct contact with the DGS or individual faculty members. Applicants who announce in their personal statements their intention to study a type or area of history that is not one of the specialties of one of the current faculty are unlikely to be admitted. This advice is particularly true for Ph.D. applicants.

The Department currently does not require a minimum GRE score for admittance. Since the Graduate Committee examines each application holistically, GRE scores are only one component of a successful application. Clearly applicants who earn higher scores may well appear more impressive to the Committee, but mid-level GRE verbal scores provide no automatic impediment to matriculation at UNCG.

E. International Students

Applicants who are not US citizens should consult the relevant information on the Graduate School web page (https://international.uncg.edu/gradadvdegapp.html).

III. Costs and Financial Assistance

A. Costs of Graduate School

Costs of Graduate School come in the form of tuition and fees. North Carolina residents pay in-state tuition, while out-of-state (non-resident) students pay both the in-state tuition and an out-of-state surcharge.

For estimated costs: see http://grs.uncg.edu/financial/estimated-cost/

B. Residency

Students who are not legal residents of North Carolina are strongly encouraged to establish legal residency here. Definitions of residency are made by the University, not the Department. Students should consult the following website for information on how to establish legal residency in North Carolina: https://reg.uncg.edu/residency-reclassification/

C. Graduate Assistantships (for M.A. students)

The History Department awards limited funding to M.A. students in the form of Graduate Assistantships (GA-ships). Applicants are automatically considered for assistantships, which are awarded based on merit at the judgment of the Graduate Committee and on the availability of funding. While the Department makes every effort to ensure that M.A. students who receive assistantships are funded for two years, the vagaries of the university budget are such that we cannot guarantee renewal. Students who are not funded in their first year are unlikely to be funded in the second year, except in exceptional and/or unusual circumstances.

Graduate Assistants are assigned to individual professors (or to the office) to assist a particular professor with teaching, professional business or research. Duties will not exceed 15 hours per week. Students on assistantship must enroll in at least 6 hours of graduate level courses and maintain a GPA of at least 3.0 each semester.
D. Teaching Assistantships (for Ph.D. students)

Teaching Assistantships (TA-ships) are awarded to doctoral students as their primary source of departmental funding. All doctoral applicants are automatically considered for TA-ships, and it is part of the doctoral program’s core philosophy that doctoral students learn to become expert teachers. As a result the department is normally able to offer most admitted doctoral students a TA-ship, and is committed in principle (although it cannot guarantee it) to extend that TA-ship for four years.

T.A.s are assigned to one of the large lower-division lecture courses offered by the department each semester. In such courses the professor lectures two days a week, while the T.A.s conduct discussion sections (two per TA) on the third. T.A.s are also responsible for grading all the students in their sections. Workload is defined as 15-20 hours per week. Students on assistantship must enroll in at least 6 hours of graduate level courses and maintain a GPA of at least 3.0 each semester.

E. Tuition Waivers

The Department has access to a very limited number of tuition waivers which it uses to recruit and assist its top applicants. Tuition Waivers are assigned by the General Assembly to each campus of the University of North Carolina, where they are then parceled out among graduate programs. This means that as much as the History Department would like to create its own waivers, we are limited by the numbers assigned to us by the College of Arts and Sciences.

Tuition Waivers come in two sorts, In-State and Out-of-State. An In-State Tuition Waiver (ISTW) covers in-state tuition, but not student fees. An Out-of-State Tuition Waiver (OSTW) covers ONLY the out-of-state tuition surcharge, and not regular in-state tuition (and not student fees). OSTWs and INSTWs may be bundled together. The best departmental funding package an out-of-state student can receive is thus an assistantship, an ISTW and an OSTW; such a student would only pay student fees. The best departmental funding package an in-state student could receive is an assistantship and an ISTW; such a student would still have to pay student fees. A student must be awarded an assistantship first (either a Graduate Assistantship or a Teaching Assistantship) to be eligible to receive any form of tuition waiver.

Given the growth in the number of graduate programs at UNCG and the NC Legislature’s reluctance to grant new waivers, the number of waivers available to the History Department is fairly limited. Preference is given to doctoral students and to select M.A. applicants.

F. Health Insurance

All graduate students at UNCG must demonstrate that they possess health insurance. In some cases, the Graduate School may cover the costs of health insurance. See the following site for more information http://grs.uncg.edu/health-insurance/.

G. Summer Assistantships

Summer assistantships are sometimes awarded by the Graduate School (not the History Department), although the History Department ranks and forwards student applications to the Graduate School for consideration. Summer Assistantships provide money (somewhere between
$1500-2000) to enable students to perform a set of specific research goals deemed essential to their degree. Note that these assistantships are quite different from GA-ships or TA-ships, as they do not require that the student work for the university. In essence, they are scholarships awarded to accomplish specifically outlined research programs. Preference is usually given to doctoral students, although M.A. students who can demonstrate a strong need are encouraged to apply. Further information on these awards is forthcoming each year from the Graduate School and the Department DGS.

H. Dissertation Fellowships (Ph.D.)

The Department has (since 2006) awarded Allen W. Trelease Graduate Fellowships and Richard G. Lane Memorial History Fellowships to doctoral students each academic year. Any doctoral student who has advanced to candidacy is eligible for the competitive award. Although there are no stipulations on their use, it is to be hoped that recipients will use the money to travel to archives, attend conferences, and/or support the process of writing the dissertation. A call for applications is made each spring for the following year’s awards. Applications must include a letter of recommendation/nomination written by the dissertation director, and an analytical description of the dissertation no more than 2 pages in length. The best descriptions will briefly outline the topic before discussing some or all of the following: the contribution of the dissertation to the field, any relevant methodological issues, the location and nature of the sources to be used in the dissertation, and/or the proposed time line for completing the dissertation.

I. UNCG Fellowships, Grants, Scholarships, etc.

UNCG possesses a fairly long list of fellowships and scholarships for which incoming students are nominated by the admitting department. This means that applicants need do nothing; the DGS and DPH will nominate incoming students for relevant awards, some of which are fellowships (i.e., ‘free money’ which requires no service to the department) and some of which are supplements to assistantships. As these awards are open to the entire university, they are quite competitive. Some information may be found at the following site: http://fia.uncg.edu/scholarships/graduate.htm.

J. Travel Awards

Graduate Students looking for assistance for travel to academic conferences (or, perhaps, to archives) should consult the GSA (Graduate Student Association of UNCG) and/or the DGS of the History Department. The former has a limited amount of money which is apportioned on a first-come, first-served basis beginning in the fall (apply early!). The latter will announce to students the availability of departmental funds to be awarded to students presenting papers at conferences. The departmental Graduate Committee will collect and evaluate applications for those funds which the Department Head makes available to it. Any student who expects to be reimbursed for travel funding must meet with Kristina Wright, the Office Manager, in the History office before making travel arrangements and payments. Graduate students working on research topics related to women and/or gender should also consult the Women's and Gender
Studies program at UNCG that has fellowships available to support conference participation: https://wgs.uncg.edu/resources/cone-awards/

K. National Grants and Fellowships
   Admitted students should consult with relevant faculty members about grants and fellowships available in their disciplines. The Office of Financial Aid (http://fia.uncg.edu/searches/) lists a few sources of funding, but the American Historical Association has a much better listing at https://www.historians.org/awards-and-grants/grants-and-fellowships (the fullest database is limited to members - a good excuse to join the AHA).

L. Financial Aid
   The Department does not advise students about financial aid. Students interested in federal sources of financial aid should consult the Office of Financial Aid (http://fia.uncg.edu/). Information about full-time status can be found at https://grs.uncg.edu/current/faqsfulltime/.

IV. Academic Requirements for the Degree of Master of Arts in History (M.A.)

   The Master of Arts in history requires 30 semester hours. Students must pass a language examination or take an extra three hours of course work. Upon entering the program, students will develop an individualized plan of study with prior approval from the Director of Graduate Study. They will develop three fields of study based upon the specializations of their three-member faculty committee. Any of our faculty members with graduate faculty status may serve as the main advisor for an M.A. committee. Such a framework allows our students maximum flexibility in pursuing research topics of greatest interest and applicability to their future goals.

   The M.A. in history offers excellent preparation for those planning to teach history at community colleges and secondary schools and provides a solid foundation for those who go on to Ph.D. programs or who find employment in government and business. The M.A. improves analytic, research, and writing skills.

Application and Admission
   In addition to the application materials required by The Graduate School, applicants must submit a Personal Statement. A resume or c.v. is encouraged. A writing sample is optional. The deadline to apply is February 1. Qualified applicants must present an approved undergraduate background (though not necessarily a major) in history. At least nine credit hours of advanced undergraduate history is required.

Degree Requirements in History

Required Courses (12 hours)
HIS 510 Historiography (3)
HIS 709 Introductory Research Seminar (3)
HIS 703 Seminar in History (3)*
HIS 704 Seminar in History (3)*
*Or students will write a Thesis (see below), HIS 699 (6)

Colloquia (9 hours)
Students will complete three courses (9 hours) from the following colloquia:
HIS 701 Colloquium in American History before 1865 (3)
HIS 702 Colloquium in American History since 1865 (3)
HIS 705 Colloquium in European History before 1789 (3)
HIS 706 Colloquium in European History since 1789 (3)
HIS 710 Colloquium in the Atlantic World (3)
HIS 716 Colloquium in World History (3)

Electives (9 hours)
Students will complete three courses (9 hours) from remaining graduate-level courses in History, including additional colloquia, chosen in consultation with their faculty committee members and the Director of Graduate Study. One elective course (3 hours) may be taken at the graduate level in a related department or program, with approval of the Director of Graduate Study.

Language Requirement
Many areas of historical research require proficiency in a foreign language. Students who intend to concentrate in such areas are encouraged to pass the written language examination, administered by the Department. In lieu of the language examination, students may substitute an extra 3-hour course. Students who intend to pursue a Ph.D., especially in areas other than U.S. history, are strongly encouraged to pass the language examination. Students may retake a failed language exam.

Comprehensive Examination
Students will develop three fields of study based upon the specializations of their three-member faculty committee. Any graduate faculty member in the Department of History may serve as the main advisor. If a student selects a faculty member whose specialization is in United States history as main advisor, then at least one of the committee members must be a specialist in a non-U.S. field. If a student selects a faculty member whose specialization is in European history as main advisor, then at least one of the committee members must be a specialist in a non-European field. Similarly, if a student selects a faculty member whose specialization is outside United States or European history, at least one of the committee members must come from either U.S. or European history. Some faculty members may require that students have completed at least one course with them before agreeing to serve on a committee; students should consult with prospective committee members early in their graduate career. A faculty member from another UNCG department or program who has graduate faculty status can serve on an MA committee and create a field of study.
All students must pass a written comprehensive examination in each of their three fields of study. The exams are usually administered twice a year, during fall and spring. Students may retake a failed comprehensive exam once.

**Research Seminars** (Capstone Experience)

Students may take the 703/704 research seminars or they have the option of completing a 6 hour thesis (HIS 699), with the approval of the main faculty advisor and Director of Graduate Study. Students will present the findings of their research at a History Department M.A. Conference.

J. Directed Reading (Independent Study) (HIS 697)

History 697 involves one-on-one discussion of a pre-arranged body of material between one student and a faculty member. Ordinarily students solicit a Directed Reading course only when the regular curriculum will not allow them to complete their program in a timely manner. Students may only apply 6 hours of HIS 697 to the 30 (or 33) hours of the M.A. program, and only one HIS 697 course may be taken per semester. Per Graduate School regulations, any HIS 697 should not duplicate an existing course. Students may not take HIS 697 during their first semester.

K. History 692 (Advanced Topics in History)

In rare cases, and only with the permission of a particular instructor and the DGS, a M.A. student may sit in on a 300-level undergraduate course and receive graduate credit for doing so. Students must demonstrate that the content of the 300-level course is particularly appropriate to their plan of study, and must develop with the instructor of the course a specific set of additional requirements sufficient to constitute graduate level work. The instructor must be a member of the graduate faculty. Students must enroll in HIS 692, not in the 300-level course in question. Any student interested in this option should consult first with the DGS.

L. Thesis Option

Most students will fulfill the research component of the History M.A. by completing HIS 709 in the first year, and HIS 703 and HIS 704 in the second year. In HIS 703/704, students will conceptualize, research and write a 30- to 40-page research paper.

It is possible for M.A. students to substitute a M.A. thesis (6 hours of HIS 699) for the second-year seminar sequence. Normally theses constitute a more sustained piece of research (in the 100-page range). Students interested in writing theses should consult with their research mentors and/or the DGS for policies and regulations.

M. Online Courses

M.A. students can take no more than two online courses and have them count towards the M.A. degree. All curricular requirements for the program must still be met, and any online course taken can only count towards the degree as an elective. 700-level courses will not be taught online.
V. Requirements for the Master of Arts in History with concentration in Museum Studies

(Note: Additional key information about the Museum Studies concentration appears at https://his.uncg.edu/museumstudies.)

A. Defining the Concentration

Students pursuing Public History at UNCG receive a Museum Studies concentration within a history degree program. To gain a disciplinary grounding in history, Public History students complete core requirements that intersect with the general M.A. degree, including the U.S. historiography sequence (HIS 701-702) and the research methods seminar (HIS 709). As well, as detailed below, they take a three-semester core of Museum Studies courses (HIS 627, 626, and 633) and a for-credit internship (HIS 690). In students’ second year, they take a two-semester research sequence (HIS 720-721) that culminates in a public project. Students round out their curriculum with electives that usually include public history-related offerings but may also include any graduate-level course in the department. Public History students do not take comprehensive exams or a language exam.

B. Admission Restrictions

Students interested in Museum Studies must state specifically on their applications their intention to enroll in that concentration. Students admitted to the regular (non-Public History) M.A. program may not elect a Public History concentration after matriculation. It is highly recommended that students interested in one of these concentrations initiate contact with the Director of Public History before submitting their application.

C. Time to Degree

As with regular M.A. students, students admitted to the Museum Studies program are required by the Graduate School to complete their degrees within five years of matriculation. In most cases, however, it is recommended that students attend UNCG full time and complete the degree in two years. Students in Museum Studies should expect to spend the summer between their first and second years in the program completing their internship (see below).

D. Required Hours

The M.A. with a concentration in Museum Studies requires a minimum of 36 hours of graduate-level courses: 27 hours of required courses and at least 9 hours of electives.

E. Required Courses for the Concentration in Museum Studies

HIS 701
HIS 702
HIS 709
HIS 627
F. Elective Courses in Public History

Students in Museum Studies must take at least 9 hours of electives. Electives may be chosen from courses in American, European or Public History. Elective courses in public history include those listed below; additional courses may be substituted in consultation with the Director of Public History.

HIS 626
HIS 633
HIS 690
HIS 720
HIS 721

ART 590
ATY 597
GEO 502
PSC 540

G. Internship

After completing at least 15 hours of coursework, students in Museum Studies must complete an internship for credit (HIS 690). Internship hours must total at least 160 hours, although more hours are encouraged. In cases where a student already has relevant professional work experience, the Director of Public History may allow that student to substitute another elective for the internship.

H. Public History Capstone

In their final year in the program, Museum Studies concentrators complete a two-semester independent study project under the direction of the public history faculty member who is overseeing the sequence in that given year. That project will entail original research and substantial planning and writing, and will often involve a partnership with an area community partner or public history institution. The student’s work will culminate in a public product designed to engage contemporary audiences.
I. Interdisciplinary Work
Because of the interdisciplinary nature of Public History, students may substitute 3 hours of electives from another department for one of the electives in Public History. The Director of Public History must approve such substitutions.

J. Directed Reading and Advanced Topics in History
A student in Museum Studies may take Directed Reading (HIS 697) or Advanced Topics in History (HIS 692), although this is not very common practice. See above, in section IV, for information on these options.

K. Language Exam and Comprehensive Exams
Public History students are exempt from the language requirement and do not take comprehensive exams.

L. Online Courses
M.A. students can take no more than two online courses and have them count towards the M.A. degree. All curricular requirements for the program must still be met, and any online course taken can only count towards the degree as an elective. 700-level courses will not be taught online.

VI. Requirements for the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy in History (Ph.D.)

A. Fields
UNCG offers a doctoral degree in only one area of study: U.S. History. Students admitted to the doctoral program will also create a minor field in an area outside of U.S. history (see section H below).

B. M.A. Requirement
Students interested in pursuing a Ph.D. at UNCG must have already earned a M.A. in History. Admissions preference will be given for students whose concentration at the M.A. was U.S. history (as opposed to another field of history). Students who have earned M.A. degrees in other academic disciplines (including the M.L.S.) must first earn a M.A. in History before applying to the doctoral program.

C. Time to Degree
According to regulations published in UNCG’s Graduate School Bulletin, doctoral students must complete their degree within seven years of commencing the program. Normally a student’s start date coincides with his/her first semester in UNCG’s doctoral program. Students wishing to transfer credit from another doctoral program (or simply graduate level coursework completed elsewhere) should realize that their time-to-degree clock commences with the semester in which any transfer course was taken. Thus if a student admitted
in Fall 2012 wished to transfer a course taken elsewhere in 2010, her time-to-degree would begin
in 2010, not 2012, and the Graduate School would expect completion before 2017 (and not
2019). For this reason the Department does not encourage transfer credit at the doctoral level
(and will absolutely not accept ‘transfer’ of courses taken during a M.A. degree).

D. Required Hours
The doctoral degree requires a minimum of 45-51 hours of course work and dissertation
hours, including 33-39 hours of course work beyond the M.A. in history, and at least 12 hours of
dissertation credit. Students are encouraged to take more hours when appropriate.

E. Required Core Courses (15 hours)
HIS 701
HIS 702
HIS 714
HIS 750
HIS 751

F. Research Hours (0-6 hours)
The DGS reserves the right to require additional hours of certain new doctoral students. Usually this occurs only when it appears that a promising student has not completed a research paper in U.S. history at the M.A. level (if, for example, that student majored in European history at the M.A.). In such cases the DGS may require up to 6 hours of additional research courses, normally to be taken from HIS 709 and/or HIS 703/704.

G. Electives in the U.S. Major (9 hours)
Students must complete 9 hours of electives in addition to the core requirements. Doctoral students may not take HIS 692.

H. Minor in a Field Outside of United States History (9 Hours)
With the approval of the students’ advisory/dissertation committee and the Director of
Graduate Study, doctoral students will choose and define a minor field outside of U.S. history. The minor field will consist of one required course (HIS 716, Graduate Colloquium in World History), at least one course at the 600-level or above with the minor field faculty member of the dissertation committee, and a third course at the 600-level or above on a topic outside of U.S. history, for a total of nine credit hours. All course work applied toward the minor must be approved by the Director of Graduate Study and listed on the student’s Plan of Study.
Where appropriate, and with the permission of the Doctoral Advisory/Dissertation Committee and Director of Graduate Study, doctoral students may take a maximum of one course (3 hours) at the 600-level or above outside the Department of History as part of their minor field.
I. Dissertation Hours

Students must take a minimum of 12 hours of dissertation hours (HIS 799). More hours may be taken, especially if necessary to maintain full-time status, but only 12-24 hours may be applied to the plan of study. Students who have advanced to candidacy after having their dissertation proposal approved by the Graduate School may maintain full-time status by enrolling in 3 hours of HIS 799.

Students who have completed 24 hours of dissertation credit and who do not need to maintain full-time status may enroll in Dissertation Extension (HIS 802) for as little as 1 hour per semester. Note that most financial aid-granting institutions require students to be enrolled for between 3 and 6 hours of credit in order to be eligible for financial aid. The Department does not keep track of such regulations, however; it is the student’s responsibility to plan his/her schedule in accordance with any potential financial aid regulations.

J. Directed Reading (HIS 697)

Directed Reading involves one-on-one discussions of a pre-arranged body of material between one student and a faculty member. Ordinarily students solicit a Directed Reading course only when the regular curriculum will not allow them to complete their program in a timely manner. Still, it may be appropriate for doctoral students to arrange Directed Reading on subjects not covered by regular courses. No faculty member is obliged to agree to a Directed Reading. A doctoral student interested in developing a Directed Reading course must first consult with the DGS and his/her Dissertation Advisor to ensure that the proposed course will fit into his/her plan of study.

History Ph.D. students can take no more than 6 hours of HIS 697 as part of their doctoral coursework.

K. Doctoral Students and 500-level Courses

At UNCG, courses at the 500 level are open to both undergraduate and graduate students, and Graduate School regulations state that no more than 1/4 of doctoral course work (i.e., 10 hours for the History Ph.D.) may be taken at the 500 level. Despite this rule, doctoral students in History should avoid taking 500-level courses; the only exception might come when the topic of the 500-level course seems exactly relevant to the doctoral student’s intended dissertation.

L. Doctoral Students and Online Courses

Ph.D. students can take no more than one online course and have it count towards the degree. All curricular requirements for the program must be met, and any online course taken counts towards the degree as an elective. 700-level courses will not be taught online.

M. History 750 and History 751

History 750 (Ph.D. Readings Course) is intended to allow students time to help prepare for their doctoral Qualifying Exams and operates very much like a Directed Reading course. It is normally taken during the semester in which the student intends to take his/her Qualifying Exams. Grades for this course are S/U.
The purpose of History 751 (Ph.D. Dissertation Seminar) is for doctoral students to produce a Dissertation Proposal. Normally this course is taken the semester following the successful completion of the Qualifying Exams. The exact shape (and requirements) of the Dissertation Proposal is to be determined by a student’s Dissertation Advisor. Grades for this course are S/U.

N. Language Exam

Students must demonstrate reading proficiency in a foreign language. Such proficiency is demonstrated by passing the departmental language exam, a translation exercise which is offered each semester in many languages. See Section VIII below for the structure of the exam and advice on how to prepare for it. Doctoral students must pass the language exam before they proceed to their Qualifying Examinations. A graduate student language exam taken (and passed) at the M.A. level satisfies the doctoral language proficiency requirement.

O. Plans of Study and Permission to Proceed

1. Plan of Study: all doctoral students must complete a plan of study in consultation with the DGS and their Dissertation Advisors. The Plan of Study form may be downloaded from the departmental website: https://his.uncg.edu/graduate/gradforms.html. Students must file a completed (preliminary) version of the Plan of Study, with appropriate signatures, after the completion of coursework. Should changes to the Plan be necessary, students are responsible for filing revised Plans. It is the student’s responsibility to remember to complete and file this Plan of Study and its cover form with the Graduate Secretary, who will submit it to the Graduate School. See section XIV for details.

2. Permission to Proceed: Doctoral students must obtain Permission to Proceed at the end of their first year of course work (normally 18 hours). Permission is granted by a collective decision of the Doctoral Advisory/Dissertation Committee and the departmental Graduate Committee.

3. GPA Requirement: students must maintain a 3.5 GPA in order to proceed to the writing of the dissertation. In effect, this means that students cannot schedule their Qualifying Exams if their GPA is below 3.5.

P. Dissertation Advisor and Doctoral Advisory/Dissertation Committee

1. Dissertation Advisor (or Mentor): It is to be hoped that incoming doctoral students will already have a good sense of which faculty member they plan to make their Dissertation Advisor before they apply to UNCG’s program. Indeed, applicants are likely to be more successful if they can articulate a clear topic (or at least a clear field) and make connections with a potential Advisor during the application process.

   Despite this advice, doctoral students are not required to have selected an Advisor
until the end of the first year in the program (or 15-18 hours of coursework). Students who cannot secure the consent of an Advisor by the completion of 15-18 hours of coursework may be asked to leave the program.

Students who enter the program without a pre-arranged Advisor should work diligently during the first year to meet faculty members, weigh their intellectual interests, and secure the support of one or more faculty members.

2. **Doctoral Advisory/Dissertation Committee**: The Graduate School requires that every doctoral student assemble a Doctoral Committee of four faculty members, and that students complete this task by the end of 18 hours of coursework. The Department of History interprets this rule to mean “by the end of the first year in the program”. Students who are unable to form a committee by this time are liable to be asked to leave the program.

The Department of History requires that these four members of the Doctoral Advisory Committee be chosen in accordance with specific fields of study (see below). The Dissertation Advisor (or Mentor) serves as the chair of the Doctoral Committee, and is responsible for one of the two fields in US History (pre- or post-1865). The committee also must include a second faculty member in US History (responsible for the other US History field), a faculty member who represents the minor field, and a fourth faculty member chosen by the doctoral student in consultation with his/her Advisor. The fourth member is required by the Graduate School, but is not responsible for a set field of study; most of the time the fourth member is selected for the additional expertise he/she can add in the researching and writing of the dissertation.

It is possible to include professors from outside UNCG on a Doctoral Committee, although the Chair (i.e., the Dissertation Director) must be a member of the UNCG Department of History. Students interested in pursuing such an option should talk to the DGS and their Advisors.

All Doctoral Committees must be approved by the Dean of the Graduate School. Once a student has secured the consent of the four members of his/her committee, he/she should complete the relevant form. See section XIV for details.

**Q. Qualifying Exams (a.k.a. Preliminary Exams)**

1. **Pre-requisites**: Doctoral students must have completed all coursework (except HIS 750 and HIS 751) and possess a 3.5 Grade Point Average (or higher) in order to be eligible to take Qualifying Exams. They must also have obtained Permission to Proceed, passed the Language Examination, and filed a Recommendation for Doctoral Advisory/Dissertation Committee and Plan of Study form with the Graduate School.

2. **Definition of Fields**: Doctoral students must prepare three fields of study which will be examined by their Dissertation Committee through a series of written and oral
exams. The fields of study are these:
   a. US History Before 1865
   b. US History After 1865
   c. Minor Field Outside of United States History

As noted above, individual members of the Doctoral Committee will be responsible for guiding students in the preparation of these fields. This means that, once a Committee has been formed, the doctoral students should meet with the three examining members of the committee to establish a reading list of books and articles which will form the basis for the written and oral examinations.

3. When to take Qualifying Examinations: In normal circumstances, doctoral students should plan to take their Qualifying Exams during their fifth semester of full-time study, that is, in the fall of their third year. It might be possible to be ready sooner than this, and on occasion students have waited until the sixth semester; but most students should be ready (with their Advisor’s approval) in the fifth semester.

4. Format of Qualifying Examinations: Doctoral students must take three written examinations (one in each field) and an oral examination.

   a. Written Examinations: the format of each written examination shall be determined by the professor writing the examination. Some professors prefer a three-hour, closed-book experience; others prefer an 8 or 24-hour take-home format. Students should consult with each examining member of the committee to learn what each member’s expectations will be. In the case of take-home exams, the usual format is for the professor to supply the question(s) to the Graduate Secretary; at the appointed time, the student receives the question from the Secretary and has the pre-determined amount of time to return a typed answer to that question. The time limit for a single written exam must be no more than 24 hours. All three written examinations must take place within a single week, but students are free to schedule the exams as they like within that period.

   b. Oral Examination: the three examining members of the Doctoral Committee meets to conduct an oral examination with the candidate at some point in the week after the last written examination (technically candidates must schedule Orals within a month of the last written examination, but it is preferred that they take place the week after the last written exam). The Oral Examination lasts for two hours, and customarily features serial questioning by each member of the committee. Questions can involve any aspect of the readings lists prepared for a particular faculty member, but they most commonly focus around clarifications or expansions to answers provided in the written examinations.

5. Scheduling Qualifying Exams: Once a student has completed all prerequisites and is
ready to take exams, it is up to that student to schedule the dates and times of the exams. Neither the Advisor nor the Graduate Secretary will do it for any student (although both may well be happy to help, and the latter will help the student reserve rooms for the exams). Students should recall that in most circumstances, exams are a two week process, with the three written exams occurring in the first week and the orals occurring a week later. It is strongly advised that the student schedule Orals first, since this is usually the most difficult part of the process (it can be hard to arrange to have four faculty members present at a given time). To do this, the student should approach the three examining members of the Committee and propose either a couple of dates or a rough time frame; it is up to the student to find a time that works for all members of the committee. Once the date of orals has been agreed upon by the members of the Doctoral Committee, it is relatively easy to backtrack and set the dates for the written exams. Once the dates have been set, the student should approach the Graduate Secretary and ask for her help in securing a room for Orals and for any written examinations (if necessary).

6. Outcomes of Qualifying Exams: Each portion of the exam process is graded on a pass/fail basis. If a student passes all portions, then he/she is considered to have Passed the Qualifying Exams. In the case of exemplary answers to the written and oral portions of the exam, a Committee may also decree that the student Passed with Distinction. The three examining members of the Doctoral Committee will sign the Ph.D. Comprehensive Exams Results Form (https://his.uncg.edu/documents/PhD-Comps-Exam-Results.pdf), and the main advisor must sign the Graduate School Results of Doctoral Preliminary Examination form (http://grs.uncg.edu/forms/). After the forms are filled out and all signatures acquired they should be submitted to the Graduate Secretary, who will submit it to the Graduate School. Should a student fail any portion of the exam (any of the written exams, or the orals), he/she shall be allowed one opportunity to retake that portion of the exam which he/she failed. If this second effort also results in failure, then the student is judged to have Failed the Qualifying Exams.

7. Reading Lists: The department does not impose a uniform number of books for any field of study. Students must negotiate with each examining member of the Doctoral Committee to receive a reading list appropriate to that faculty member’s field. Reading lists may thus vary considerably between faculty members.

R. Dissertation Proposal

The Dissertation Proposal must be submitted to the student’s Dissertation Advisor within three months of the Qualifying Exam. Students will complete their proposal in the semester after taking Qualifying Exams, and in conjunction with HIS 751 (see above).

A successful Dissertation Proposal will clearly identify a topic that addresses a need within the relevant or emerging historiography. It will specify a plan to carry out the necessary research, gather evidence, and explain the methodology to be used in analyzing the evidence.
Students and their mentor must use and follow the guidelines set forth on the Dissertation Proposal Form Cover Sheet ([https://his.uncg.edu/documents/Dissertation-Proposal-Form.pdf](https://his.uncg.edu/documents/Dissertation-Proposal-Form.pdf)).

Some Advisors will schedule a meeting (Proposal Defense) at which the members of the Doctoral Committee can question the student about the proposed dissertation. Once the proposal is completed to the satisfaction of the Advisor and the Doctoral Committee, the student should complete the Graduate School Dissertation Topic Approval form ([http://grs.uncg.edu/forms/](http://grs.uncg.edu/forms/)), have it signed by all Committee Members, and submit it to the Graduate Secretary, who will submit it to the Graduate School.

S. Dissertation

The dissertation is the main work of a doctoral degree. A successful dissertation will demonstrate a doctoral student's ability to carry out a substantial work of research and make an original contribution to historical scholarship.

The members of the dissertation committee will evaluate the dissertation according to the following criteria:

- **POTENTIAL FOR PUBLICATION.** The dissertation should be considered a work-in-progress that is intended to be revised into a book, or multiple articles. A completed dissertation need not be ready for publication, but should have the potential for publication. The dissertation should contain enough newly discovered evidence, evidence considered in a new light, and originality of argument or methodology, to convince the committee that the potential for publication exists. At the dissertation defense, the committee members may provide advice about how to revise for publication by suggesting additional avenues of research, stylistic changes, or elaboration of concepts and theories that could strengthen the argument.

- **DEPTH AND SUBSTANCE.** Substantial, but not excessively long dissertations usually fall between 200 and 400 pages (double-spaced, 12-point font). The research should be extensive and rigorous, but need not be exhaustive. Dissertations inevitably incorporate evidence considered by previous scholars, but should offer new insights or interpretations at greater depth. As a work-in-progress, a dissertation will often require more research to be conducted after completion to become a publishable work.

- **ORIGINALITY.** A dissertation should reflect doctoral students’ ability to develop their own interpretation and to position their scholarship within the relevant historiography or, in the case of emergent fields, interdisciplinary literature. The thesis and main points of the dissertation must be original, logical, and supported by primary source evidence. While its arguments must be *defensible*, neither the main advisor nor the committee members need be in full agreement with them. Scholarly disagreement is to be expected and will not prevent a dissertation from receiving a committee’s approval. The dissertation’s topic and/or argument should distinguish itself from other published works, including a completed but unpublished Ph.D. dissertation, or a dissertation already in progress at another university.

- **SOURCES/CITATIONS.** A dissertation must be deeply researched and based upon primary source evidence that typically includes archival collections and previously unknown or overlooked materials, or significantly re-interpreted evidence. All primary and secondary sources consulted must be properly cited. The History Department requires all dissertations to
1. **Writing the Dissertation:** It is crucial that graduate students understand the need to allow plenty of time when planning to write the dissertation. A Ph.D. dissertation in History requires minimally a year dedicated to research, and a full year dedicated to writing. There must be opportunities for significant feedback, revision, and so forth, prior to that final copy being submitted. Although the History Department expects PhD students to graduate at the end of 5 years, the Graduate School allows up to 7 years maximum for the completion of the program.

2. **Milestone Meeting:** Advisors may call a “Milestone Meeting” of the Dissertation Committee at some point after the dissertation has begun to take shape in order to provide the student with guidance from the committee about preparing a complete draft of the dissertation that will meet the committee’s approval. The timing of the “Milestone Meeting” of the committee will be decided by the advisor, in consultation with the Ph.D. candidate.

3. **Committee Approval:** The dissertation must be read and approved by the entire committee, and all members must have the opportunity to read it thoroughly and request changes and revisions. Once the dissertation is completely drafted, and the advisor is satisfied with it, the student will distribute it. The first complete draft of the dissertation should be distributed to the committee early in the semester BEFORE they plan to graduate. For spring graduation, students should have circulated their dissertation and received feedback from their entire committee by the end of November. For fall graduation, students should have circulated their dissertation and received feedback from their entire committee by the end of the previous spring semester. Students should not expect to receive feedback or distribute drafts during the summer, when committee members and main advisor might not be on academic contract and therefore unavailable. Committee members will read and return the dissertation with suggested revisions within 4 weeks of receiving it, and students may need a month or more to revise. Students should not assume that because their main advisor has approved a draft, that the other members are "rubber stamps." Under normal circumstances, students should not change committee members after submitting the first complete draft to the committee.

**T. Dissertation Defense (Oral Defense)**

Once the dissertation has been accepted by the Advisor and the Committee members (but potentially while the student is formatting it for formal submission to the Graduate School), it must be defended orally by the candidate. The History Department requires that all members of the committee sign the “Permission to Proceed to Dissertation Defense” form found at [https://his.uncg.edu/documents/Permission_to_Proceed_to_Dissertation_Defense.pdf](https://his.uncg.edu/documents/Permission_to_Proceed_to_Dissertation_Defense.pdf). Oral Defenses are open to all members of the University community, and are publicized by the
Graduate School. Students must arrange a suitable time for the defense with their Advisors and other Committee members (and should consult the Graduate Secretary for assistance in finding a room for the Defense). Students should note that inflexible university deadlines for holding the defense are set in late October for fall graduations, and mid-March for spring graduation. Deadlines are announced each year, and can be found on the calendar of important dates on the Graduate School website. Students must inform the Graduate School of their defense date by submitting the Final Oral Exam (Defense) Schedule form (http://grs.uncg.edu/forms/), to the Graduate School and must do so a minimum of two weeks before the date of the Defense.

U. Filing the Dissertation

Once the dissertation is done, it must be formatted according to exacting Graduate School/UNCG Library specifications. These specifications MUST be followed; the Graduate School will not permit graduation otherwise. The Graduate School runs workshops every semester to provide guidance for proper formatting of the dissertation, and students are encouraged to attend these early in their writing process to save from having to reconfigure their format later. Students should also consult the Graduate School’s Guide for the Preparation of Theses and Dissertations for details (http://grs.uncg.edu/current/td-manual/).

Students should also note that the Graduate School sets a deadline each semester to file the approved dissertation (with all required signatures) which is generally in mid-November for fall semester or late-March for spring, not the end of the semester. Deadlines are announced each year, and can be found on the calendar of important dates on the Graduate School website. Failure to submit the dissertation in proper format by the deadline will prevent a student from graduating until the following semester. It is wise to submit with plenty of time before the final deadline in case the Graduate School discovers formatting problems in your submission. This will allow time to receive their feedback and revise accordingly.

VII. Registration and Advising

A. Graduate Advising

All continuing graduate students (M.A. or Ph.D.) are required to attend an academic advising session each semester with their appropriate advisor. The Director of Graduate Studies offers advising to Doctoral Students and non-Public History M.A. Students. The Director of Public History advises all M.A. students with concentrations in Museum Studies. The only students exempt from this requirement are doctoral students who have finished coursework and are taking hours in either Dissertation or Dissertation Extension; such students may instead submit an add/drop slip to the DGS for his/her signature. Advising sessions are opportunities for students to talk about the courses they wish to take for the next semester, but are also occasions for thinking more broadly (or narrowly) about the students’ careers at UNCG and beyond.

Advising for new incoming graduate students occurs during the week before classes start in August. Advising for continuing students occurs in October and March. The Graduate Secretary normally sends all students with a list of appointment slots; students reply to her in selecting a convenient appointment time.
B. Registration for Courses

At UNCG the normal procedure is for students to register for courses online using the UNCGenie system. Students will need their private pin numbers and passwords to access UNCGenie; to register for courses they will also need an Advising Code. These codes are provided to students at Advising Sessions.

Some courses are closed to on-line registration (e.g., HIS 690, HIS 692, HIS 697, HIS 750). For such courses a student will need an Add-Drop slip; these are available from the history lobby spinner rack, relevant academic advisor (DGS or DPH), or from the history office.

VIII. The Graduate Language Examinations

A. Requirements

1. **Ph.D. students:** doctoral students are required to pass the department language exam before taking their qualifying exams and before advancing to candidacy.

2. **M.A. students:** M.A. students who are unable or unwilling to pass the language exam are allowed to substitute a graduate-level course in the major or minor field for this requirement. M.A. students who plan to proceed to a Ph.D. program are strongly encouraged to take the language exam during the M.A., especially those who intend to pursue any field other than US for the doctorate (e.g., any European, Asian, African or Latin American field). Even those students who intend to enroll in a US history doctoral program are well-advised to satisfy the language requirement during the MA program rather than wait to do it during the Ph.D.

B. Format of the Language Exam

The language exam is administered once a semester (usually in early October and mid-March). Students must sign up for the exam in advance. The exam consists of two passages from the language in question, usually taken from modern historical works (in the case of Latin, however, ancient or medieval sources will be selected). Students will have three hours to translate the two passages with the help of a dictionary.

C. Criteria for a Passing Grade

It is difficult to set absolute standards for what constitutes a passing grade, but generally the examiners are looking for a combination of quantity and quality. That is, a student who produces an excellent translation of only half of the material may well pass, while a student who produces a poor translation of all of the material may well fail. Similarly, if a student translates only a sentence or two - but well - he or she may well fail, while a student who makes a few errors but makes it through more of the passage may well pass.

Common problems encountered by examiners include the following. 1) Relying too heavily on cognates (that is, words that look and mean the same in English and a foreign
language) to help you through the exam. The problem is that there are many false cognates (e.g., fábrica in Spanish means ‘factory’, not ‘fabric’; actuellement in French means ‘currently’, not ‘actually’; etc.). You will need to develop a basic vocabulary through consistent reading of texts in the relevant language. 2) Inability to distinguish the tense of the verb and/or the sequence of tenses. Meaningful comprehension cannot be acquired if you are unable to tell if a verb is in the past tense, the present tense, or a conditional tense. Examiners become concerned when students produce translations in which these important distinctions are effaced. 3) Participial forms, particularly gerunds and gerundives. In many languages (e.g., Latin) the gerundive can be combined with prepositions to form structures that should be translated with the infinitive. Note too that participles can be declined in some languages. 4) Idiomatic phrases. This is one of the most difficult skills to acquire, since it requires consistent reading in the language in question. Use of a decent dictionary can help here, but there is no substitute for experience. [to give two examples, from French, ça vaut la peine means “it’s worth it”; and tout à coup means “suddenly”]

D. Consequences of Failing the Exam

There are no consequences, and no stigma, attached to failing the language exam (aside from the rule that prevents Ph.D. students from taking their qualifying exams until they have passed the language exam). Students may take it as many times as they like or need.

E. Advice on How to Prepare for the Language Exams

1. Take the exam immediately. We recommend attempting it in your first semester. Even if you fail, you will have a sense of what you need to do in order to pass in the future.

2. Consult with the faculty member who will be grading the exam before you attempt it. You might ask for examples of the kinds of texts that the examiner has used in the past (the Graduate Secretary has copies of old exams). You can also talk to that person about your preparation and receive advice from his/her concerning dictionaries, grammars, etc. A partial list of languages and faculty examiners is this: Spanish (Bilinkoff), German (Levine), Classical Latin (Ruzicka), Medieval Latin (Barton), Russian (Jones). Examiners may change, but this list reflects the most common practice in the department. If you have competency in a language other than these, consult the Director of Graduate Studies about your situation.

3. Acquire a good dictionary. Faculty are surprised at the number of students who attempt the language exam using only a small pocket dictionary. Such dictionaries generally do not contain enough material - and particularly not enough idiomatic phrases - to suffice. On the other hand, you do not need to purchase a multi-volume dictionary, since this will be too large to use efficiently. Consult with the relevant faculty members for their suggestions.

4. Consider buying or using a text designed specifically to teach reading skills. Many
faculty recommend the series edited by Karl Sandberg (*French for Reading*, *German for Reading*, *Spanish for Reading*). This series (and others like it) was conceived as a way to help graduate students acquire reading proficiency; it teaches grammar in a way that builds towards reading proficiency. Diligent and consistent use of books in this series is, in the opinion of many faculty members, far more useful than taking, say, Spanish 101 (which is as concerned to teach oral communication as it is to teach reading comprehension). Of course, if you have absolutely no background in a language, it might be smart to take some introductory language courses (101, 102, 203, and/or 204) in addition to perusing a reading comprehension grammar.

5. Recognize that learning a language requires consistent effort over a sustained period of time. Students who have little proficiency in a language and hope to pass the exam after a month of cramming will likely find their efforts in vain. Acquiring reading proficiency requires daily practice (or, at least, consistent practice several days a week), both with a grammar (like the series mentioned above) and with texts written in the language in question. You would be well advised to set aside a fixed amount of time daily (or maybe thrice weekly) to drill grammar and begin translating a ‘real’ work of scholarship. It is important to emphasize that while you need to acquire comprehension of the grammatical structures of the language, use of a grammar text alone will not suffice as practice in reading in a foreign language. The best advice would be to sit down with a grammar and a book relevant to your field written in the language in question; spend 20-30 minutes on the grammar, and then another 30 minutes or so translating passages from the actual text.

**IX. Transfer Credit**

In some circumstances, graduate work performed at other institutions may be counted towards a UNCG graduate degree. Students should read the *Graduate Bulletin*’s relevant sections on transfer credit carefully, and should consult with the DGS (and/or DPS) before deciding to pursue graduate credit elsewhere.

Students should be aware that the Graduate School starts each student’s ‘time-to-degree’ clock with the first course that appears on his/her Plan of Study. Thus if a student plans to apply a graduate course taken in 2005 to a UNCG degree that he/she is beginning in 2011, then the Graduate School will consider that student’s clock to have begun in 2005, not 2011. The UNCG History Department is therefore not particularly enthusiastic about efforts to transfer old credit hours; the DGS is more likely to approve transfer hours taken while a student is registered at UNCG (to take a particular course from Duke or Chapel Hill, for instance, and apply it to a UNCG degree).

The bottom line is that the Graduate School and the Department have fairly rigid rules about what and how much credit can be transferred; as this suggest, graduate school is somewhat less friendly to transferring credit than are most undergraduate programs. If you have a particular question about transfer credit, ask the DGS well in advance.
X. Study Abroad

Study Abroad is theoretically possible for M.A. (or even Ph.D.) students, but there are large practical obstacles to pursuing this option. The largest obstacle is the fact that a large portion of each UNCG degree program is composed of specific required courses (e.g., HIS 701, 709, 714) and sequences (HIS 703-704); courses taken abroad are almost certainly going to provide equivalents to UNCG’s electives, and not to these required courses. A second obstacle is the fact that graduate work in history rewards close work with a particular mentor (or mentors); if a student spends 25% of his/her time abroad, the opportunities to develop these crucial relationships are greatly reduced. For these and other reasons very few graduate students pursue study abroad opportunities (indeed, only one student did so between fall 2006 and spring 2010).

XI. University Resources

A. Graduate Bulletin: online at http://grs.uncg.edu/bulletin/

B. The Graduate School: located in 241 Mossman
   Their webpage has downloadable copies of most important forms at https://grs.uncg.edu/forms/

C. History Department - Graduate Web pages
   https://his.uncg.edu/graduate/overview.html
   Important forms NOT found at the Graduate School site may be found here, including Plans of Study, M.A. Mentor forms, etc.:
   https://his.uncg.edu/graduate/gradforms.html

D. Jackson Library
   Online catalog  http://library.uncg.edu/
   Special Collections  http://library.uncg.edu/depts/speccoll/
   Interlibrary Loan Service  https://libids1.uncg.edu/illiad/

E. University ID Cards
   These cards are necessary to check out books, print in University computer labs, carry a declining balance, use the gym, and lots of other UNCG things. You can get yours in the Elliott University Center  https://spartancard.uncg.edu/

F. Student Health Center  https://shs.uncg.edu/

G. UNCG Student Conduct Policies (including cheating and plagiarism)
   http://sa.uncg.edu/dean/code/

XII. Residency

It is a simple fact that out-of-state students pay higher tuition and fees. It is thus clearly in the interests of any out-of-state resident who intends to live in North Carolina for more than a
few years to try to gain in-state residency. It is also in the department’s interests for any funded out-of-state students to seek a change in their residency status. That said, the Department (and the DGS) cannot provide legal advice on how to secure a change in residency. The DGS will be happy to talk over the process with any student desirous of so doing, and will even be able to relate some potentially useful tips in that process. Still, students must be aware that the state of North Carolina has fairly strict policies concerning residency (a tough one: it will not recognize a change to in-state residence status for those persons who moved to North Carolina solely for the purpose of attending a North Carolina university) and that any student desiring to change his/her residency status must follow the procedures outlined in the *Graduate Bulletin*.  
[https://reg.uncg.edu/residency-reclassification/](https://reg.uncg.edu/residency-reclassification/)

### XIII. Organizations

Graduate Student Association (GSA)

This is a body which represents graduate students across the campus. All graduate students are automatically members. Those interested should consult the GSA website:  
[https://sites.google.com/a/uncg.edu/gsa/](https://sites.google.com/a/uncg.edu/gsa/)

### XIV. Important Forms for Graduate Students

What follows is a listing of some of the important forms which M.A. and Ph.D. students will need during their time at UNCG, as well as information on where to find these forms. Comprehensive lists of forms can be accessed at [https://grs.uncg.edu/forms/](https://grs.uncg.edu/forms/) and [https://his.uncg.edu/graduate/gradforms.html](https://his.uncg.edu/graduate/gradforms.html).

Important note: the Graduate School requires that many of these forms be submitted or filed with them at important watershed moments in a student’s career. It is the responsibility of the student, not the DGS or Graduate Secretary, to keep up with the relevant forms and to obtain the required signatures.

The following completed forms should be submitted to the Graduate Secretary, who will make a copy for the student’s department file and send the original form to the Graduate School as needed.

#### A. Forms for M.A. Students

1. Plans of Study
   
   **Location:**  [https://his.uncg.edu/graduate/gradforms.html](https://his.uncg.edu/graduate/gradforms.html)  
   **Description:** the Plan of Study (PoS) lists all requirements for the degree. It is used internally, by the department, to keep an unofficial record of students’ progress. It is used officially by the graduate school to determine whether a student has finished his/her degree. Official versions must be filed externally, at the Graduate School. Note that there are different versions for Public History and non-Public History students.
   **When:** All students should file an early, possibly incomplete version, at the end of one year (15-18 hours) in the program. A final, complete version (with signatures) must
be filed before the end of the third week of classes in the semester in which a student will graduate.

2. Mentor Form
   Location: https://his.uncg.edu/graduate/gradforms.html
   Description: this form is filed internally. It serves as proof that a student has secured the agreement of a faculty member to act as his/her research mentor.
   When: by the end of the first year (15-18 hours)

3. Comprehensive Examination Committee Form
   Location: https://his.uncg.edu/graduate/gradforms.html
   Description: this form is filed internally. Once M.A. students have secured the agreement of three members of the faculty to serve on their Comprehensive Exams Committee, they should acquire the signatures of those faculty members and return the form to the Graduate Secretary.
   When: by the end of the first year (15-18 hours)

B. Forms for Ph.D. Students

1. Plans of Study
   Location: https://his.uncg.edu/graduate/gradforms.html
   Description: the Plan of Study (PoS) lists all requirements for the degree. It is used internally, by the department, to keep an unofficial record of students’ progress. It is used officially by the graduate school to determine whether a student has finished his/her degree. Official versions must be filed externally, at the Graduate School.
   When: All students should file after the completion of all coursework, attached to the Recommendation for Doctoral Advisory/Dissertation Committee and Plan of Study form (see below). A final, complete version (with signatures) must be filed with the Doctoral Plan of Study Revision form before filing the Results of Doctoral Preliminary Examinations form.

2. Recommendation for Doctoral Advisory/Dissertation Committee and Plan of Study
   Location: http://grs.uncg.edu/forms/
   Description: filed externally with the Graduate School, which specifies the four members of a doctoral student’s Committee. Requires signatures of all four members. Clearly also presupposes the existence of an Advisor/Mentor.
   When: after the completion of all coursework, attached to the Plan of Study.

3. Doctoral Plan of Study Revision form
   Location: http://grs.uncg.edu/forms/
   Description: filed externally with the Graduate School. Attached to the revised Plan of Study form.
   When: when appropriate.
4. Revision of Doctoral/Advisory Committee form
   Location: http://grs.uncg.edu/forms/
   Description: filed externally with the Graduate School. Only necessary if the composition of the Committee changes (as is often the case).
   When: when appropriate

5. Dissertation Topic Approval form
   Location: http://grs.uncg.edu/forms/
   Description: filed externally with the Graduate School once a student’s Advisor and Committee have accepted and approved his/her Dissertation Proposal.
   When: once Dissertation Proposal has been accepted, typically at some point in the third year of the program.

6. Results of Doctoral Preliminary Exams form
   Location: http://grs.uncg.edu/forms/
   Description: official form, filed externally with the Graduate school once a student has passed his/her Qualifying Exams (a.k.a. Preliminary Exams).
   When: after student passes Qualifying Exams. It is common for a student to bring this form to Orals; should he/she pass, the form can be signed at that point.

7. Application for Admission to Candidacy form
   Location: http://grs.uncg.edu/forms/
   Description: filed externally with the Graduate School once a student has completed all requirements save the Dissertation.
   When: after Qualifying Exams, the Language Exam, and the Dissertation Proposal have been passed/completed. This form is typically submitted at the end of the third year in the program, often alongside the Dissertation Topic Approval Form.

8. Permission to Proceed to Dissertation Defense form
   Location: https://his.uncg.edu/documents/Permission_to_Proceed_to_Dissertation_Defense.pdf
   Description: filed internally with the Department. It must be signed by all Committee members in order to proceed to scheduling the Dissertation Defense. It must be submitted with the Final Oral Exam (Defense) Schedule form (described below) to the Graduate Secretary.
   When: At least two weeks prior to the scheduled Defense date; see below.

9. Final Oral Exam (Defense) Schedule form
   Location: http://grs.uncg.edu/forms/
   Description: Filed externally with the Graduate School. Since Dissertation Defenses (i.e., Final Oral Exam) are open by state law to all members of the university community, the Graduate School requires that students provide the date of the Defense to
the Graduate School at least two weeks prior to the schedule defense. Note that this form also requires submission of a Dissertation Abstract. It must be filed with the Permission to Proceed to Dissertation Defense form (see above) with the Graduate Secretary, who will file the appropriate form with the Graduate School.

When: At least two weeks prior to the scheduled Defense.

Location: [http://grs.uncg.edu/forms/](http://grs.uncg.edu/forms/)
Description: filed externally with the Graduate School. This form is completed, with signatures of all Committee members, after a student has successfully completed his/her Dissertation Defense (i.e., Final Oral Exam).
When: after the successful Dissertation Defense. It is customary to bring the form to the Defense; if all goes well, it may be ritually signed at the end of the Defense.

C. Forms for Any Graduate Student

1. Advanced Topics in History (HIS 692) form
Location: [https://his.uncg.edu/graduate/gradforms.html](https://his.uncg.edu/graduate/gradforms.html)
Description: for those students who have secured permission to take HIS 692 (see above, Section IV.K), it is necessary for the faculty member who will supervise the HIS 692 to fill out this form detailing the specific ways in which the 300-level course will be transformed into a Graduate-level course. The form is filed with the Graduate Secretary. Note that this form does not register a student for HIS 692: it is merely an informational form confirming the expectations of both the faculty member and the student. Students will need to file an Add/Drop form to register for HIS 692. HIS 692 may not be counted for Ph.D. credit.
When: before taking HIS 692

2. Directed Reading (HIS 697) form
Location: [https://his.uncg.edu/graduate/gradforms.html](https://his.uncg.edu/graduate/gradforms.html)
Description: a permission form, filed internally, for students intending to take a Directed Reading (Independent Study). This form should contain a detailed set of expectations for the proposed Directed Reading course, so that neither party (student or professor) may later claim confusion about what was intended. To register for HIS 697, students will need a special form from the Graduate School (see below).

Master’s students may register for no more than 3 semester hours of HIS 697 per semester and may not count no more than 6 semester hours toward satisfying the minimum requirements for the master’s degree.

Ph.D. students may count no more than 6 semester hours of HIS 697 toward degree requirements.

Students may not take HIS 697 in the first semester at UNCG.
When: before taking HIS 697
3. Directed Reading Registration form
   Location: http://www.uncg.edu/reg/Forms/IndependentStudyPermission.pdf or in the History Department office.
   Description: a Graduate School form, this form must be completed to register a student for a Directed Reading (Independent Study). It requires signatures of the Faculty Member, the DGS, and the Department Head (or his/her proxy); once acquired, the form is sent by the History office to the Graduate School where the Dean approves (or not) the request. At that point, the Graduate School will register the student for HIS 697.
   Master’s students may register for no more than 3 semester hours of HIS 697 per semester and may not count no more than 6 semester hours toward satisfying the minimum requirements for the master’s degree.
   Ph.D. students may count no more than 6 semester hours of HIS 697 toward degree requirements.
   Students may not take HIS 697 in the first semester at UNCG.
   When: before taking HIS 697

4. Add/Drop form
   Location: History Department Office.
   Description: a university form necessary to register for courses with special registration blocks on them (e.g., courses like 692, 697, 750, etc.). Students should fill out the upper part and bring the form to the relevant faculty member who is listed as instructor for the course; after he/she signs the form, the student should bring the form to the Registrar’s Office in Mossman.
   When: semester prior to taking certain courses and during the add/drop period.

5. Application for Graduation Form
   Location: http://grs.uncg.edu/current/graduation-application/
   Description: submitted online directly to the Graduate School. Students should read the requirements carefully, and well in advance of the semester in which they hope to graduate.
   When: by end of first week of semester in which student hopes to graduate.

6. Other Specialized Forms
   Location: Graduate School website: https://grs.uncg.edu/forms/
   Description: for unusual issues, such as Leaves of Absence, Transfer Credit, etc
   When: when appropriate

XV. Practical Advice for New History Graduate Students

A. Graduate Student Housing
   Most graduate students live in rental houses or apartments close to campus. The best source of advice is the network of current graduate students. Ask the DGS for the email
addresses of some students who might be able to offer some advice, or ask questions on the graduate student and alumni Facebook page.

B. Orientation

Every year in the week before classes begin the DGS holds an orientation meeting for new graduate students. Practical and strategic matters are discussed, and questions answered. The orientation is usually followed by a get-together at which many faculty members are present.

C. Mailboxes

All UNCG history graduate students are assigned a mailbox when they matriculate here. The mailboxes are found in the “TA Room”, a.k.a. MHRA 2323. Students should get in the habit of periodically checking their mailboxes. If the door is locked, ask the History office staff to unlock it.

D. UNCG Email

Upon matriculation all new UNCG students are issued a UNCG email address (ending in @uncg.edu). Activate your account at http://its.uncg.edu/Accounts/Email/. Even if you prefer some other email address (gmail, yahoo, whatever), it is absolutely essential that you check your UNCG email address regularly. The university cannot send official mail to your other, private email addresses, nor will faculty members. All official university and department business will be transacted over the UNCG email network.

E. The T.A. Room

The History Department has located its Teaching Assistants (but not Graduate Assistants) in cubicles in MHRA 2323 (a.k.a. the “T.A. Room”). This room exists as a location where T.A.s can meet with students from their sections. It is not a social lounge, and other graduate students should be respectful of the professional needs of the T.A.s who work in it.

F. The Graduate Bulletin

As has been mentioned time and again in this handbook, the Graduate Bulletin is the ultimate source of official information concerning academic and university policies affecting graduate students. Students are bound by the policies found in the Bulletin of the year in which they matriculate at UNCG (thus if a student begins a Ph.D. program in 2012, he/she is bound for the rest of his/her career by the Bulletin of 2012). Students should make themselves intimately familiar with the policies detailed in the chapter called “Academic Regulations.”

G. Other Resources

The Graduate School maintains a webpage that has useful links for the many little tasks of starting a program at UNCG, including parking information, where to get an ID, health services, etc.: https://grs.uncg.edu/orientation/survivalkguide/
XVI. Responsibilities of Graduate and Teaching Assistants

A. Graduate Assistants (G.A.s)

Graduate Assistants are M.A. students who have been awarded assistantships by the History Department. In return for this financial award, G.A.s are expected to work 15 hours each week for the Department. Assignments may include tasks in the Office, helping a faculty member with his/her teaching of a single course, and sometimes helping a faculty member with research. G.A.s are assigned based on faculty and Department need; sometimes this may mean dividing a G.A.’s duties among several faculty members (e.g., 5 hours for one faculty member, 10 hours for another).

Graduate Assistants are expected to keep in close contact with their assigned faculty or department supervisor, and to assist them with all reasonable requests. Should a G.A. feel that he/she is being asked to exceed the 15 hours of work required each week, he/she should first talk to his supervisor(s) and then to the DGS and/or Department Head.

Due to a dearth of space in MHRA, G.A.s are not assigned office or cubicle space.

B. Teaching Assistants (T.A.s)

Teaching Assistants are Ph.D. students who have been awarded assistantships by the History Department. T.A.s work for 20 hours a week for the department, almost always in the capacity as assistants to professors teaching large lecture courses. In this context, a T.A. will normally be responsible for leading two discussion sections a week, and for doing all the grading for those sections.

The professor to whom a T.A. is assigned will provide specific information concerning the expectations for his/her course, but all T.A.s should also plan to do the following: attend all lectures of the course, and take notes for each lecture (so as to be familiar with what the undergraduates are supposed to have learned); lead discussion sections and grade the work for the students in those sections; make useful written comments on all formal assignments which you grade; and hold at least one hour of office hours each week.

Teaching Assistants will also attend a weekly T.A. meeting with their supervising professor. At these meetings, the professor should discuss his/her expectations for that week’s discussion sections, as well as any bureaucratic issues, complexities in the readings, and/or grading procedures or standards.

Professors should also explain the process of grading, and should hopefully discuss the expected standards for grading for each assignment. Professors may also ask to review the grades of their T.A.s before work is returned to the undergraduates.

Teaching Assistants should also expect their supervising professors to attend their discussion sections at least once, and possibly twice, during the semester.

Each T.A. will also be assigned a cubicle in the T.A. Room (MHRA 2323); T.A.s may use this space to hold office hours, meet with students, or do other T.A.-related business.